



Neutron induced backgrounds and measurements neutron activation of ^{76}Ge

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bmb+f - Förderschwerpunkt

Astroteilchenphysik

Großgeräte der physikalischen
Grundlagenforschung

previous ^{76}Ge experiments

previous experiments: HDM (5 det) and IGEX (3 det)

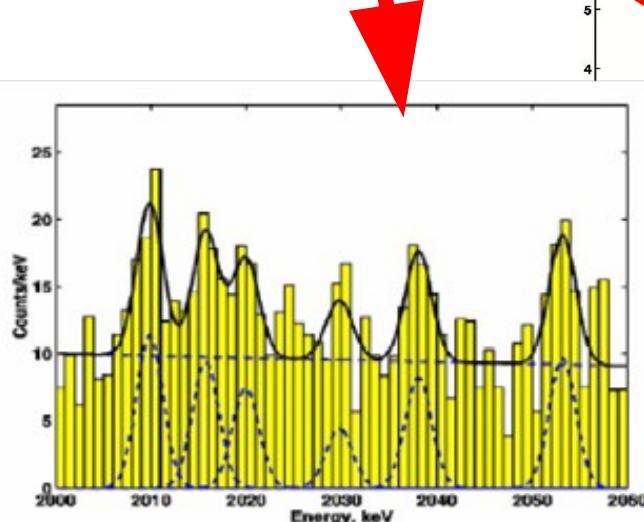
Klapdor-Kleingrothaus et al.

Phys Lett B586 (2004) 198

71,7 kg·y

$T_{1/2} > 1,9 \cdot 10^{25} \text{ y (90\% CL)}$

(0,69 - 4,18)

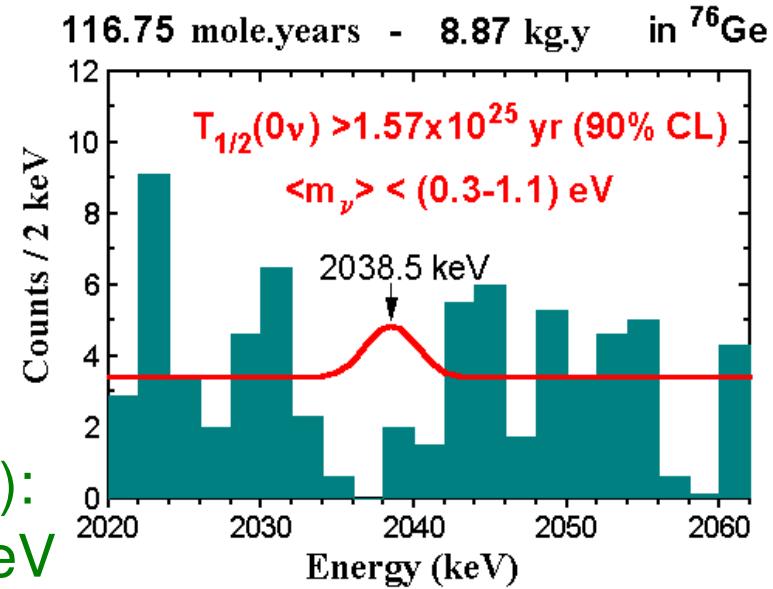


Aalseth et al.

Phys Rev D65 (2002) 092007

8,9 kg·y

$T_{1/2} > 1,6 \cdot 10^{25} \text{ y (90\% CL)}$



MPLA21 (2006):
 $0,27 < m_{\beta\beta} < 0,4 \text{ eV}$

need of support experiments

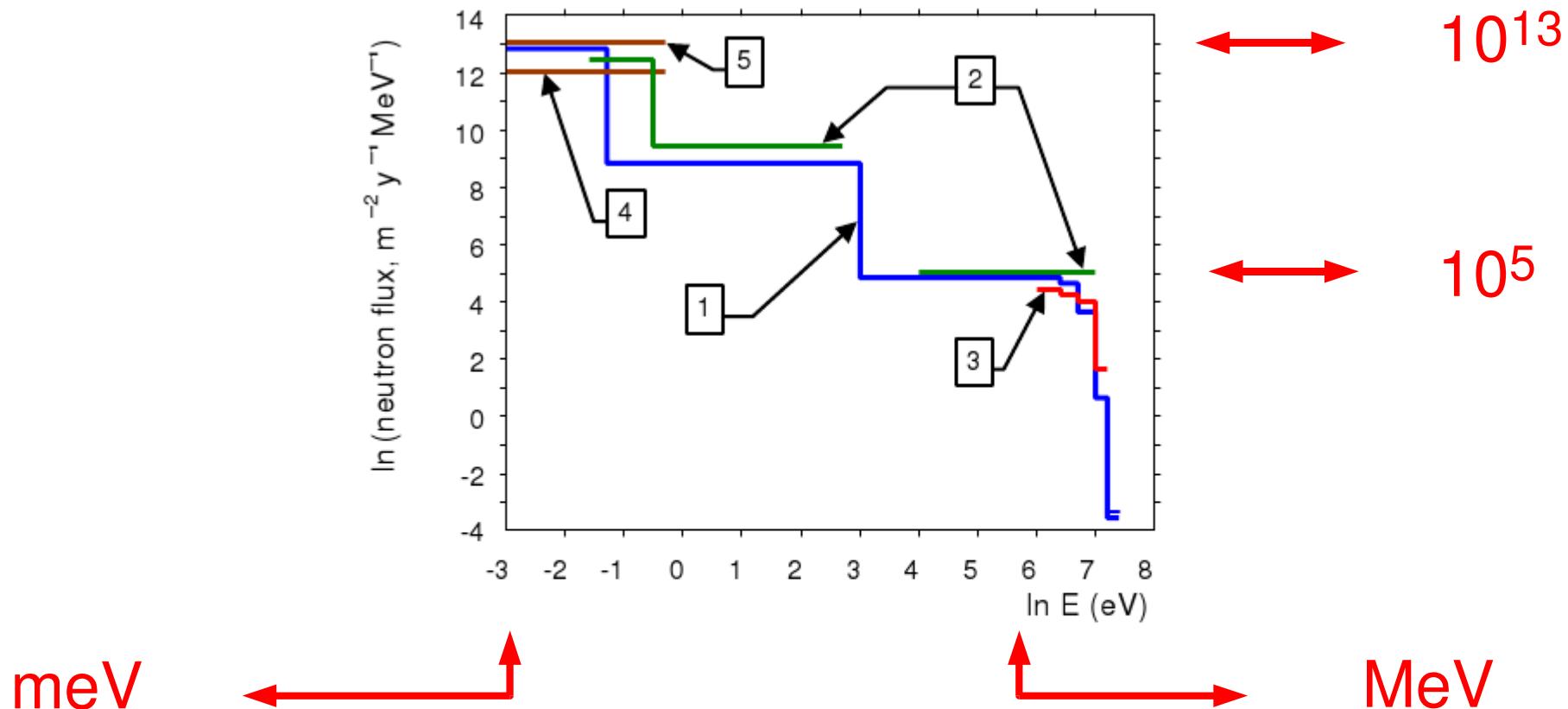
Higher sensitivity needs less background

nature & structural components & calibration

- ◆ understand (reduce) background contributions
in laboratory LNGS 3800 m.w.e.
 - ◆ production of isotopes
-
- ◆ neutron capture (n,γ)
 - ◆ elastic and inelastic neutron scattering $(n,n), (n,n')$
 - ◆ neutron production reactions $(n,p),..$

neutron flux in underground labs

Measurements: difficult, selective, incomplete



Measured neutron flux in several underground laboratories.

1 LNGS, P. Belli et al. [5]; 2 LNGS, A. Rindi et al., [6] ;

3 LNGS, F. Arneodo et al., [7] ; 4 Modane, V. Chazal et al., [11] ;

5 Broken Hill, S.R. Hashemi-Nezhad ad L.S: Pearl, [13]

calibrations

select **source** for

lines (DEP,FEP) close to $Q_{\beta\beta}$

reasonable $T_{1/2}$

low α – energy

select **holder** for

good shielding

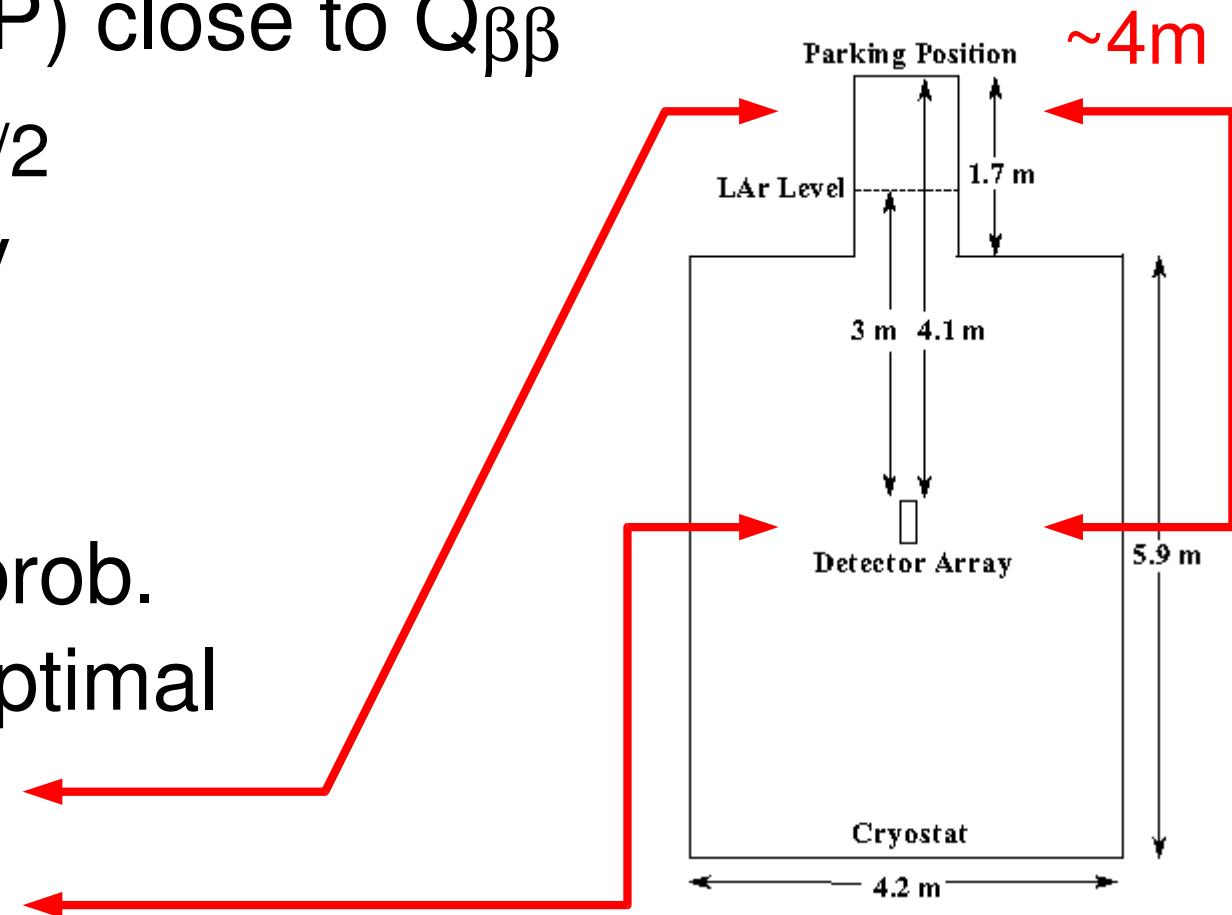
low emission prob.

select **positions** for optimal

parking

calibration

GERDA



F.Froborg, NIMA/PhD thesis

calibrations

select **source** for

lines close to $Q_{\beta\beta}$

reasonable $T_{1/2}$

low α – energy

^{228}Th ($^{56}\text{Co}, ^{238}\text{U}$)

1,9 y

7,7 MeV

select **holder** for

good shielding

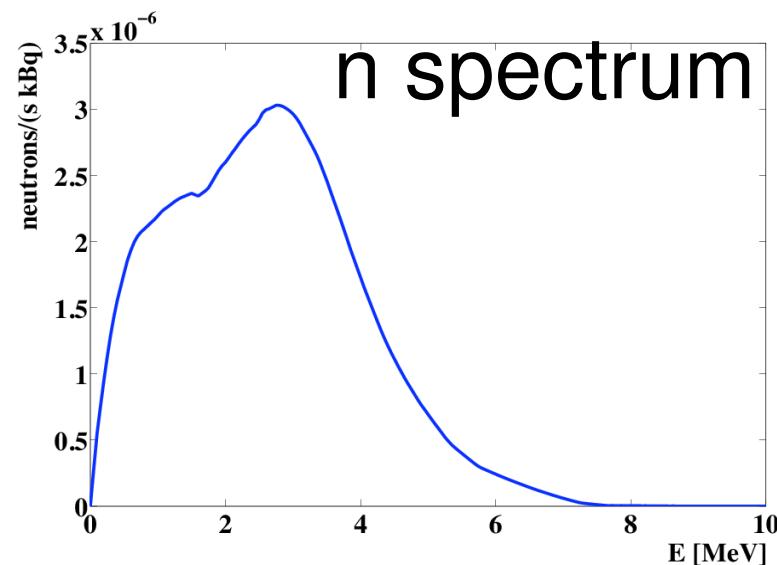
low emission prob.

select **positions** for optimal

parking

calibration

F.Froborg, NIMA/PhD thesis



calibrations

select **source** for

- lines close to $Q_{\beta\beta}$
- reasonable $T_{1/2}$
- low α – energy

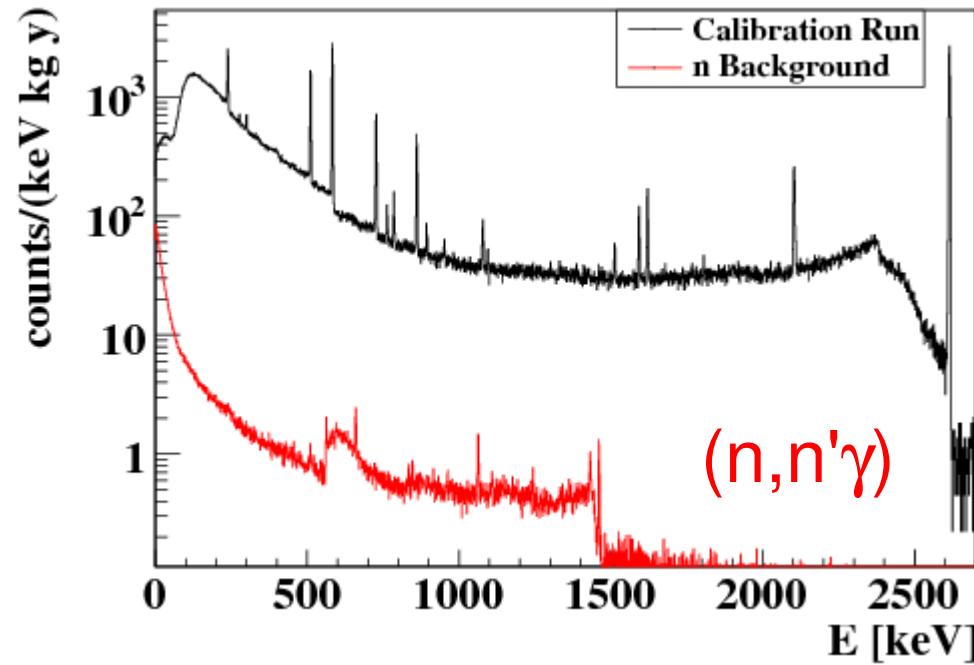
select **holder** for

- good shielding
- low emission prob.

select **positions** for optimal
parking
calibration

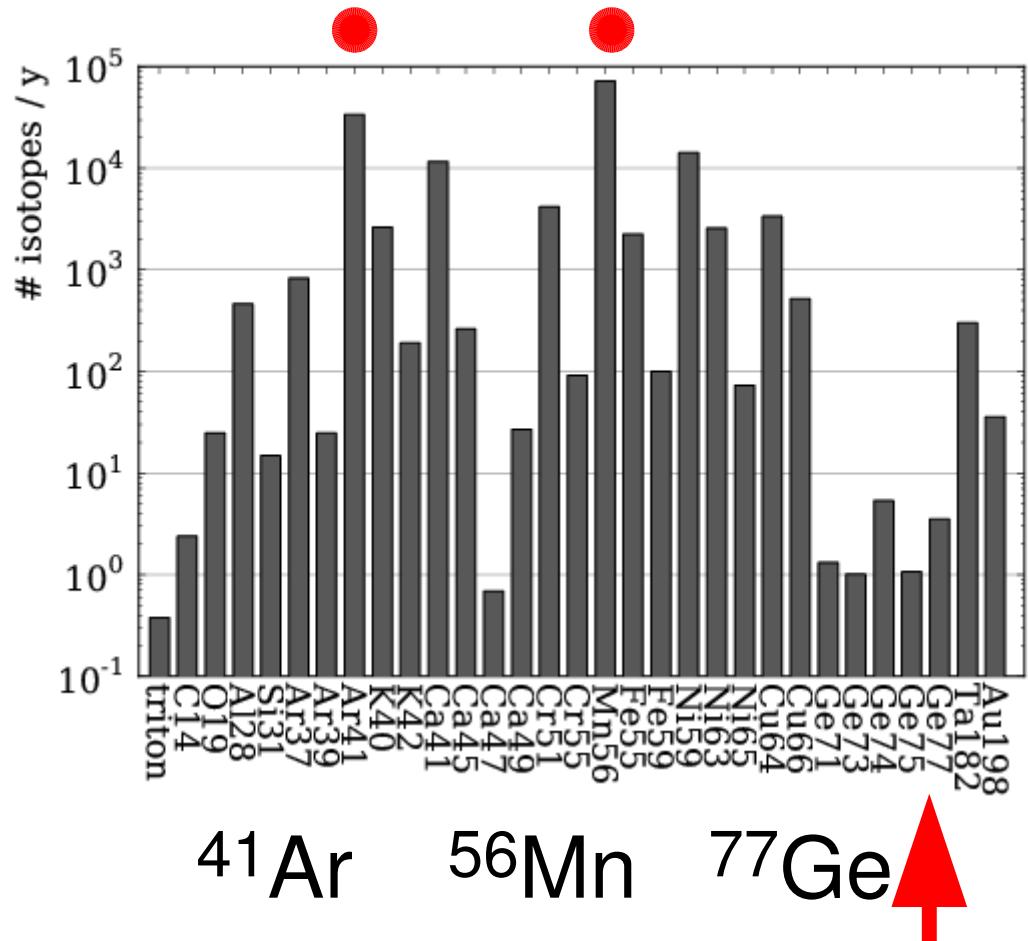
F.Froborg, NIMA/PhD thesis

^{228}Th (in Au)
 $A = 20 \text{ kBq}$



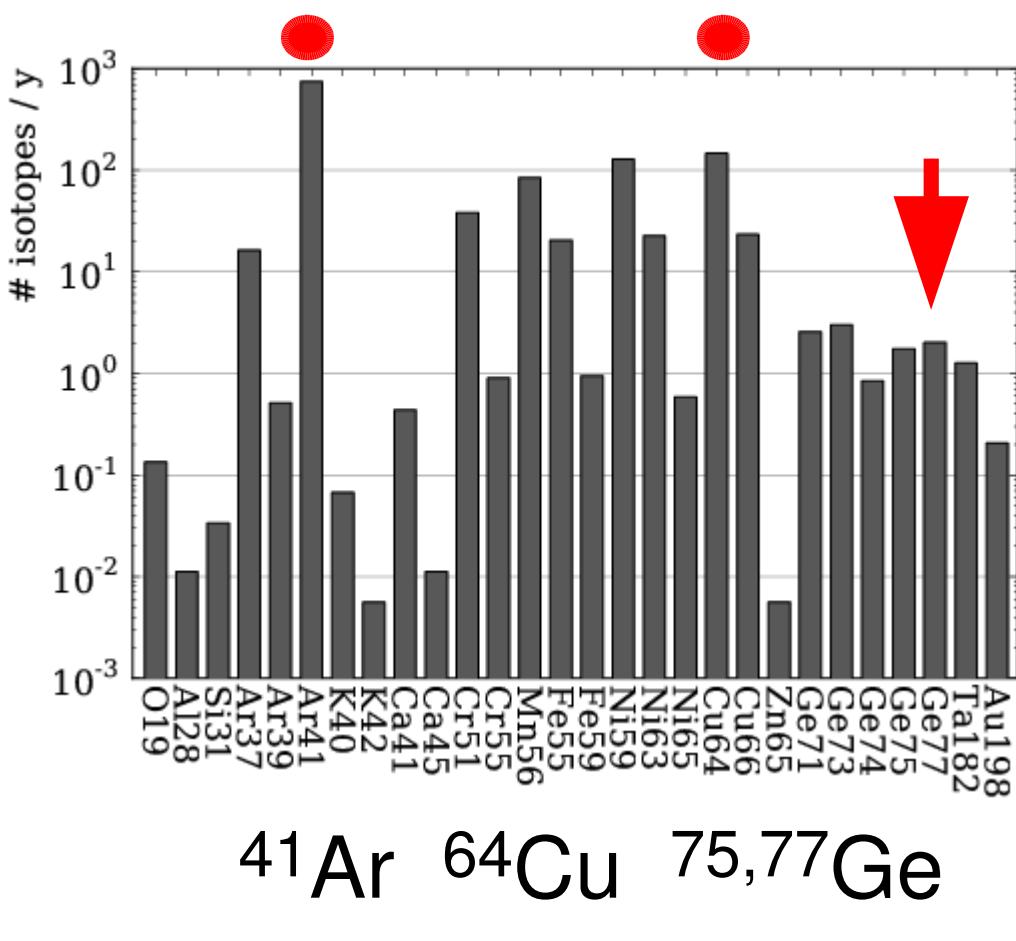
calibrations

isotopes produced per year
parking

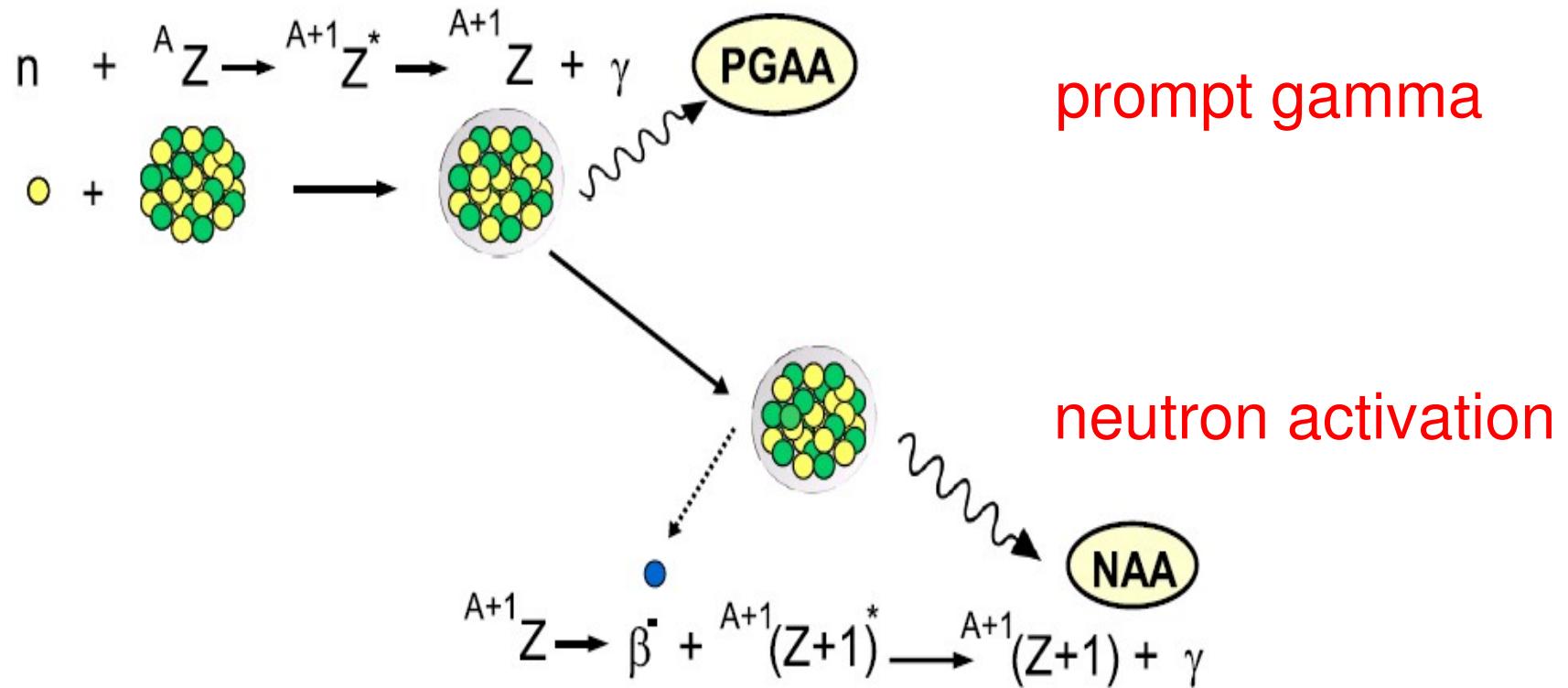


F.Froborg, NIMA/PhD thesis

calibration

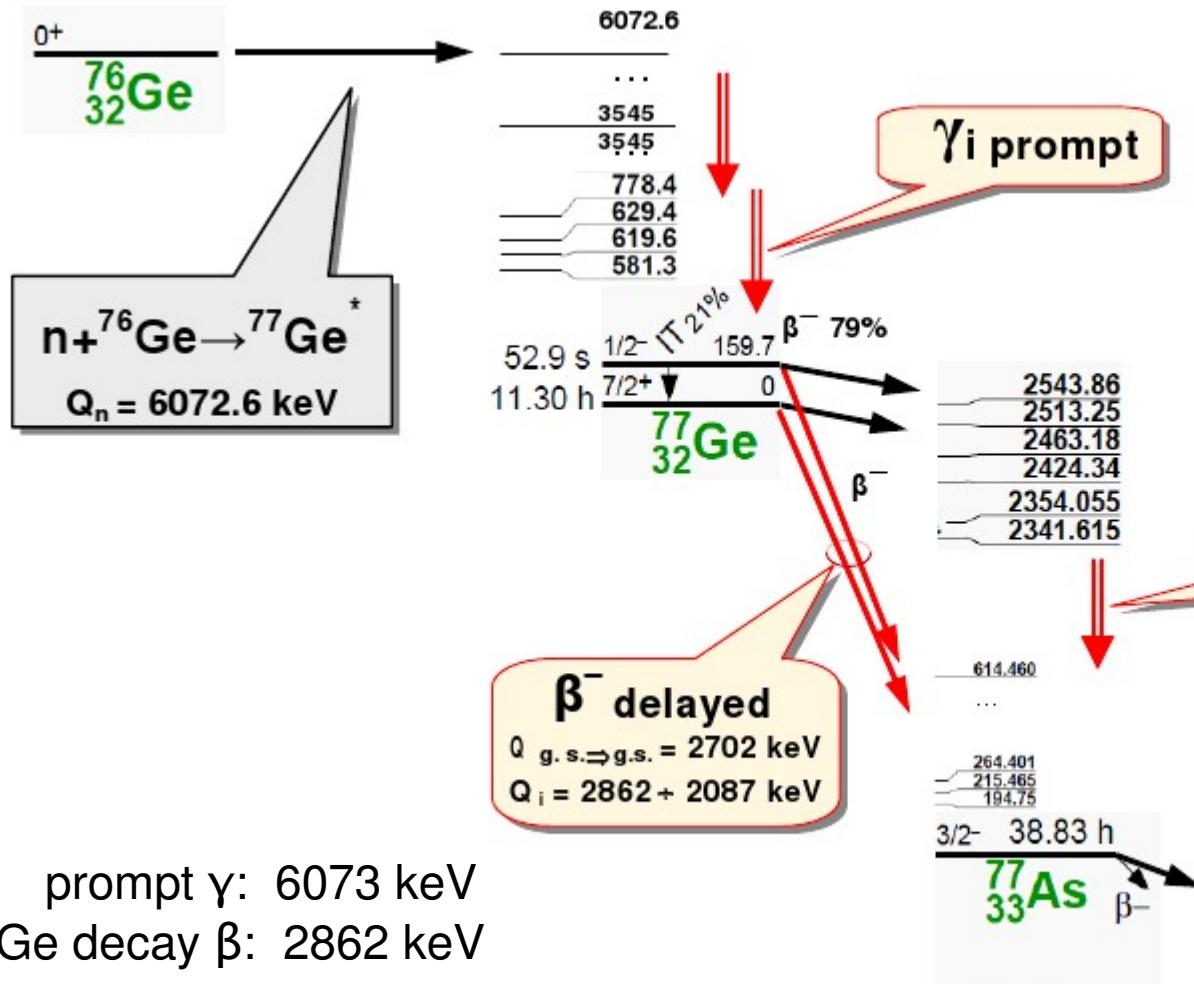


neutron capture



slow neutrons: large cross section & large flux

^{76}Ge experiments



2 photon lines close to $Q_{\beta\beta}$:
 2041(prompt) keV
 2037 (delayed) keV

$^{77\text{m}}\text{Ge}$ β -decay:
 34% directly to
 ^{77}As g.s.

prompt γ : 6073 keV

^{77}Ge decay β : 2862 keV

^{77}Ge decay γ : 2342 keV

^{77}As decay β : 683 keV



production rates

production rate: $0.5 - 1 \text{ } ^{77}\text{Ge}/(\text{kg y})$
(relate to HdM : $\sim 0.5 \text{ } 0\nu\beta\beta\text{-events}/(\text{kg y})$)

energy deposition around 2039 keV via β :

^{77}Ge : $8 \times 10^{-5} \text{ counts}/(\text{keV decay})$

(possible reduction via anti-coincidence / PSA)

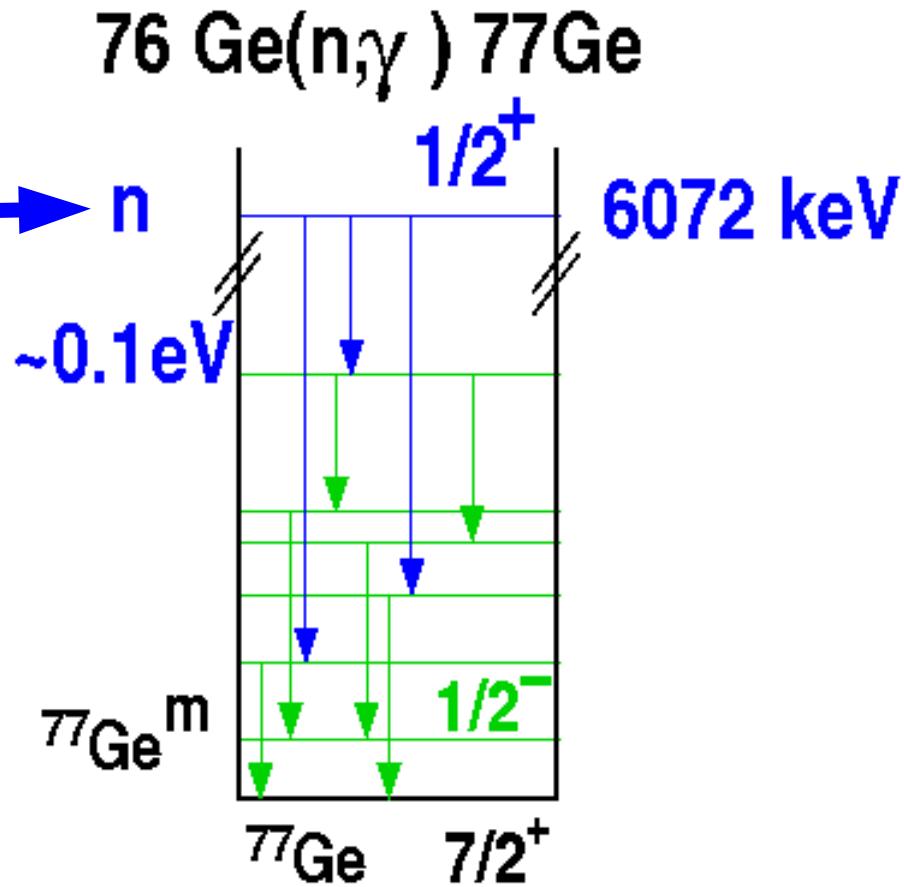
^{77m}Ge : $2.1 \times 10^{-4} \text{ counts}/(\text{keV decay})$

(less reduction due to direct β g.s. Transition)

at LNGS

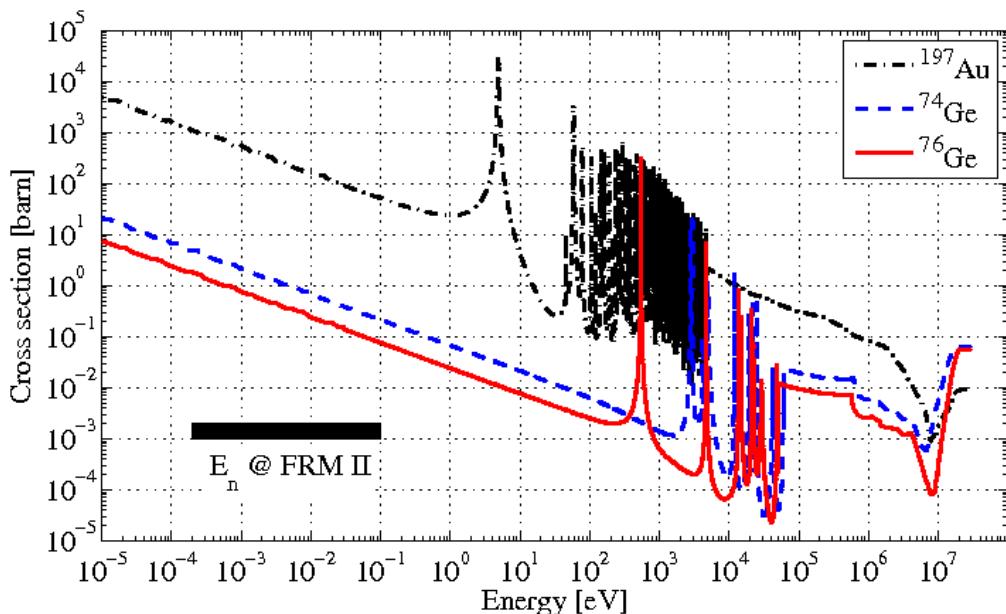
neutron capture

2 photon lines: 2041(prompt) & 2037 (delayed) keV close to $Q_{\beta\beta} = 2039$ keV
 2 experiments: thermal (< meV, FRM-II) & astro (25 keV, FZK)

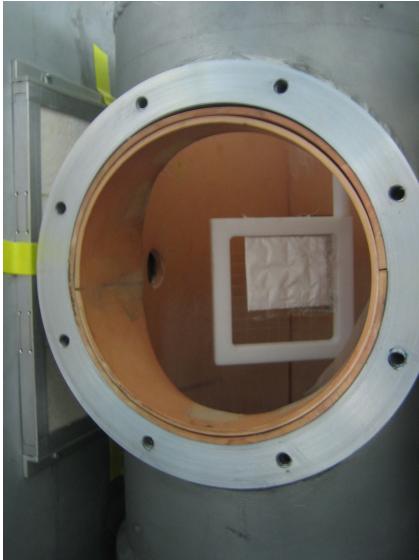


$$\nu = \frac{\sum E_i \sigma_i}{S_n \sigma_{tot}} = \frac{\sum E_i I_i}{S_n}$$

only 15% known



^{76}Ge experiments

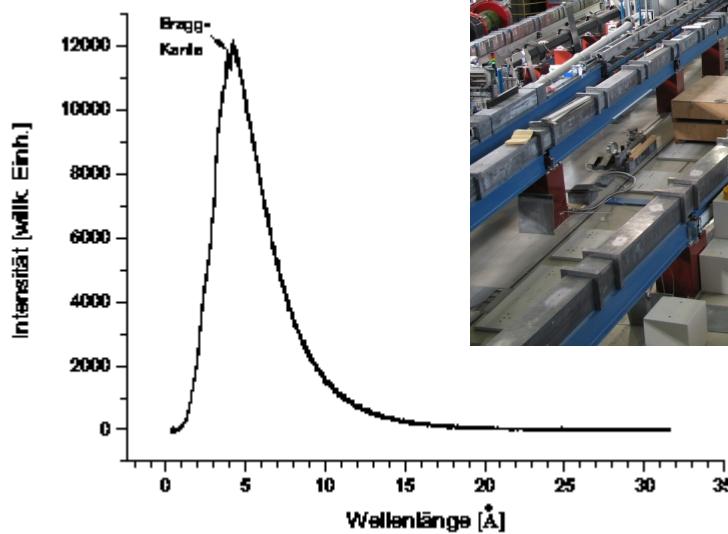


neutron beam

$\sim 2 \times 10^{10} n_{\text{th}} / (\text{cm}^2 \text{s})$

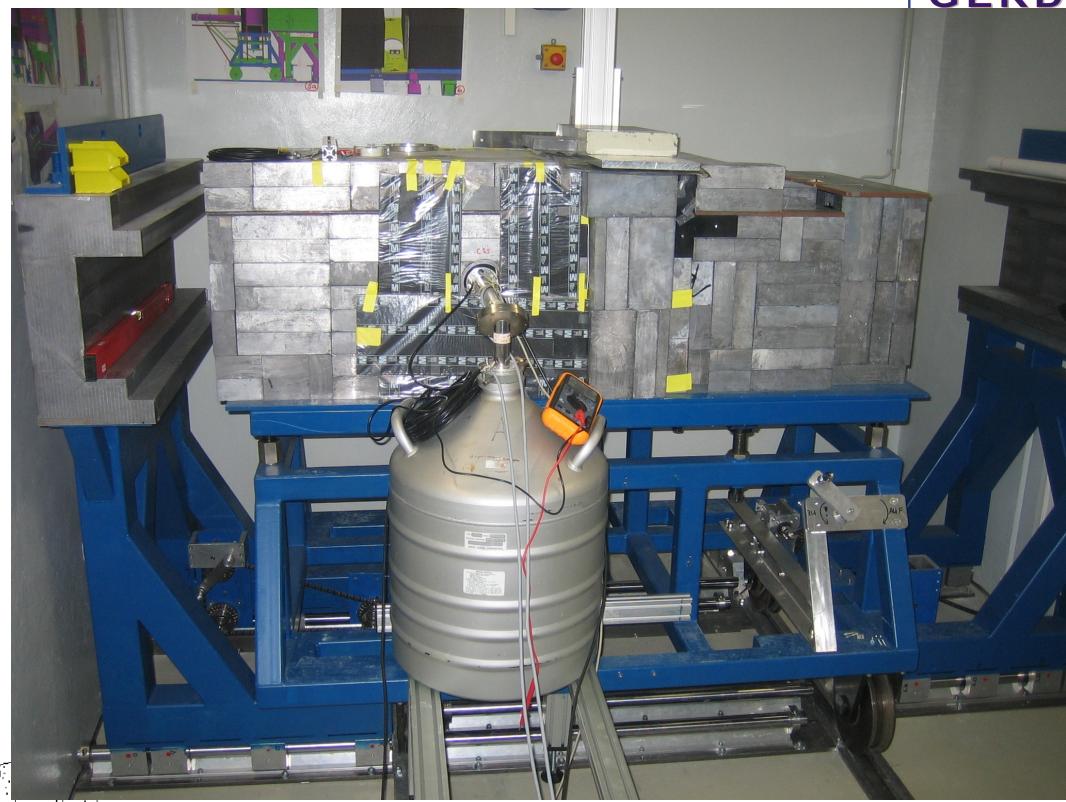
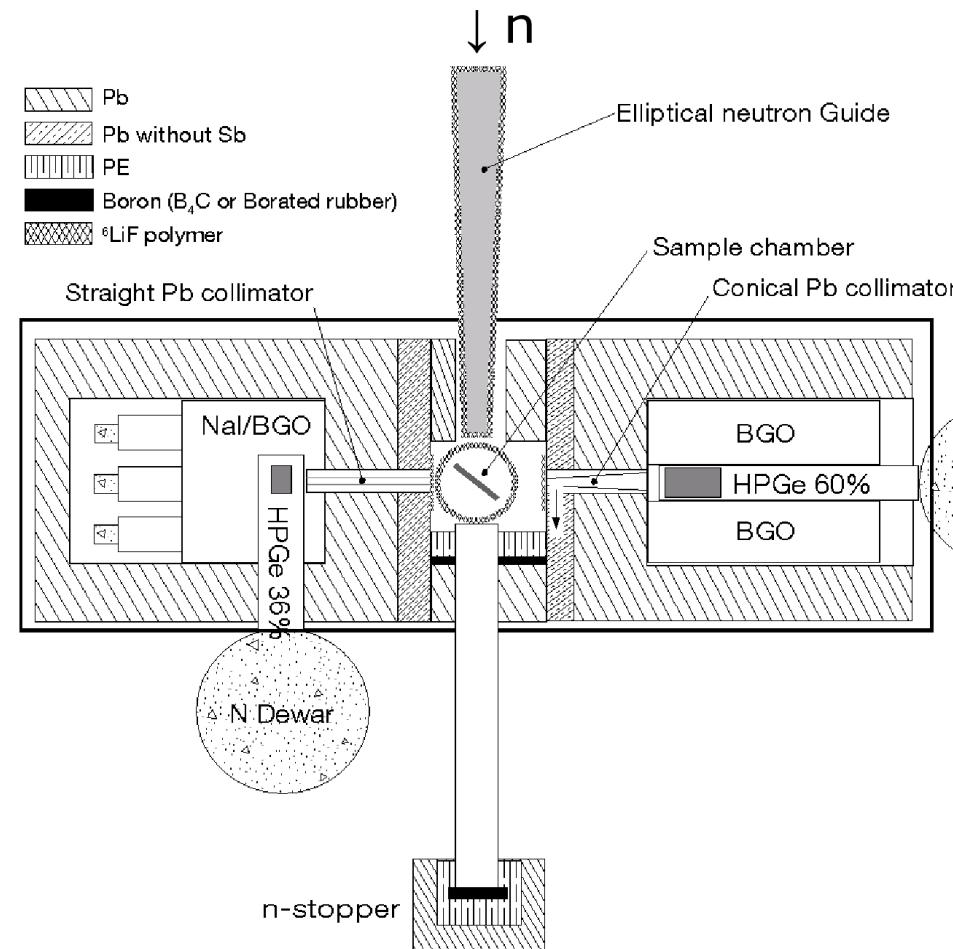
$\langle \lambda_n \rangle = 6.7 \text{ \AA}$ (cold)

$\langle E_n \rangle = 1.83 \text{ meV}$



the detectors

- $m \sim 300$ mg of enriched GeO_2
- irradiation time $> 50\,000$ s
- 2 HPGe with Compton suppr.
- Li/Cd/Pb/PE absorbers



- $7.83 \times 10^9 \text{ n}/(\text{cm}^2 \text{ s}^1)$
- $\langle \lambda_n \rangle = 6.7 \text{ \AA}$
- $\langle E \rangle = 1.83 \text{ meV}$

the spectra

- $m \sim 300$ mg of enriched / depleted GeO_2
- irradiation time $> 50\,000$ s

86 % vs. < 0.5%

enriched:

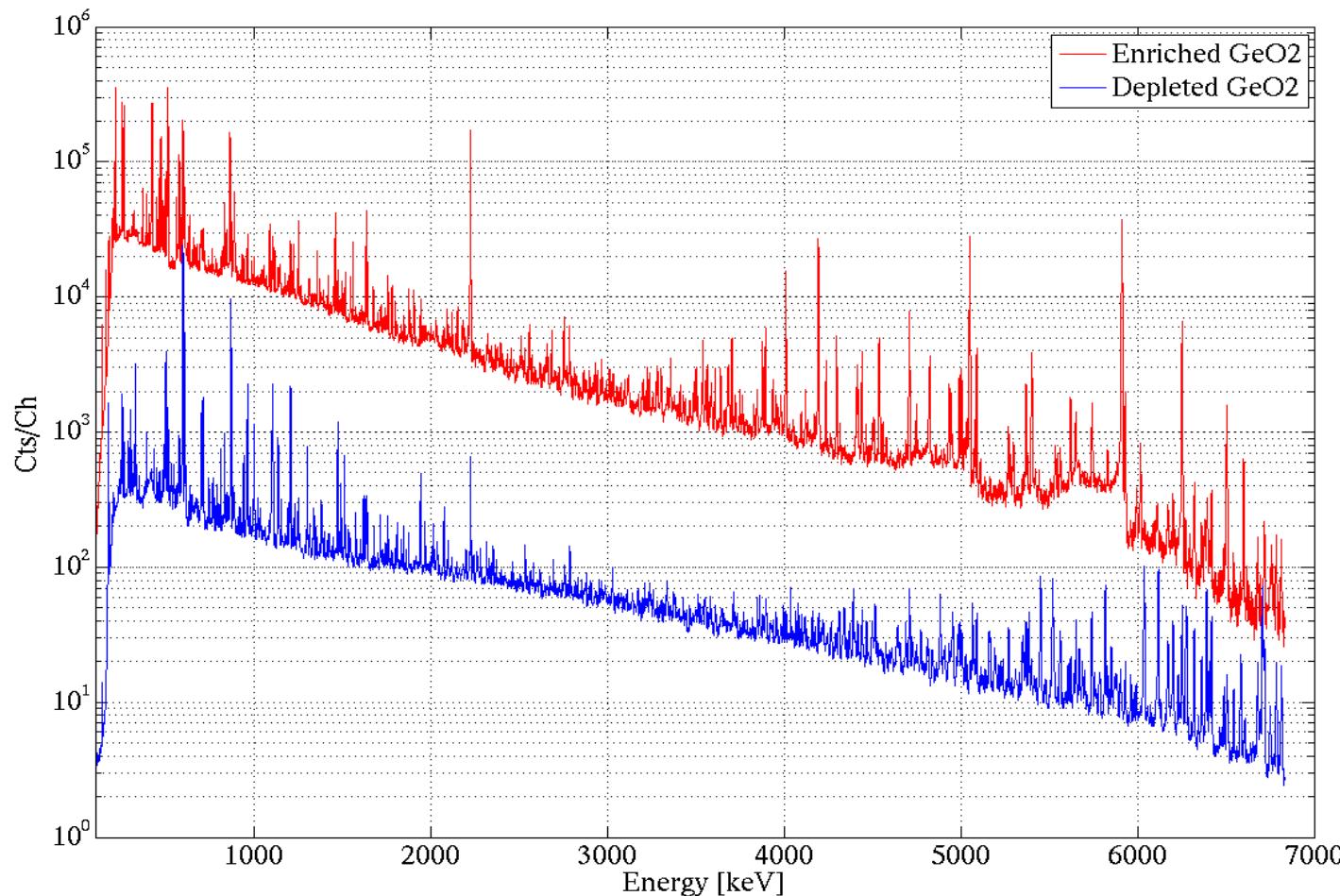
^{76}Ge

^{74}Ge

^{73}Ge

^{77}Ge (decay)

^{75}Ge (decay)



depleted:

^{74}Ge

^{73}Ge

^{72}Ge

^{70}Ge

^{75}Ge (decay)

more spectra:

background (FEP)

decay (enriched)

decay (depleted)

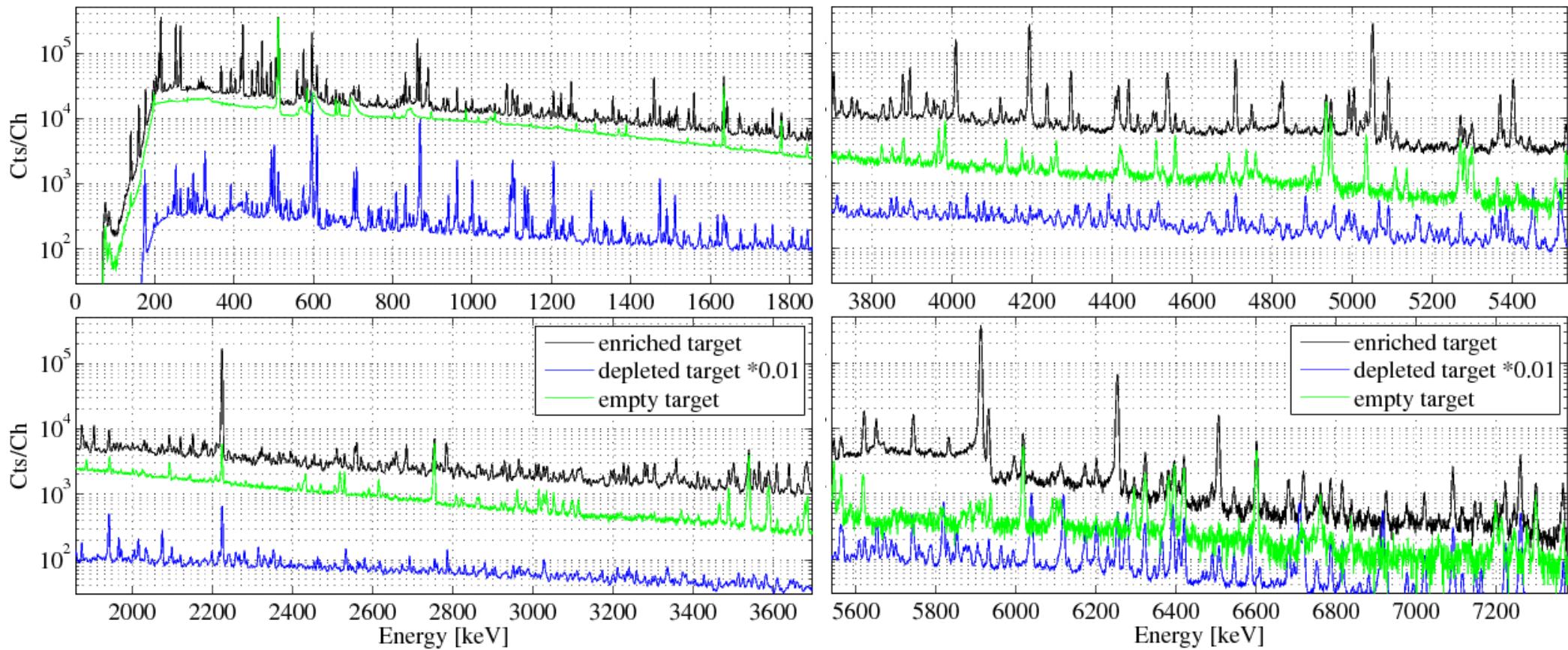
background:

F, H, N, Na,

C,Cd, Al, Pb

the spectra

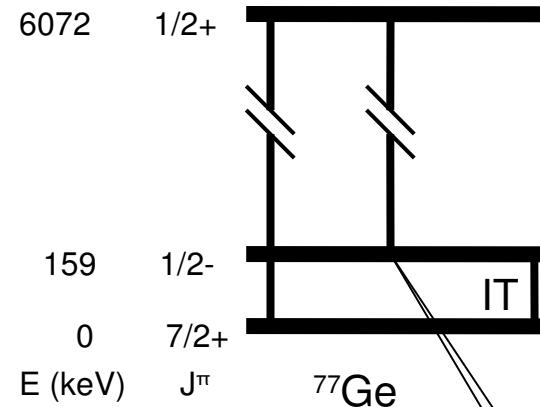
- $m \sim 300$ mg of enriched / depleted GeO_2 86 % vs. < 0.5%
- irradiation time > 50 000 s



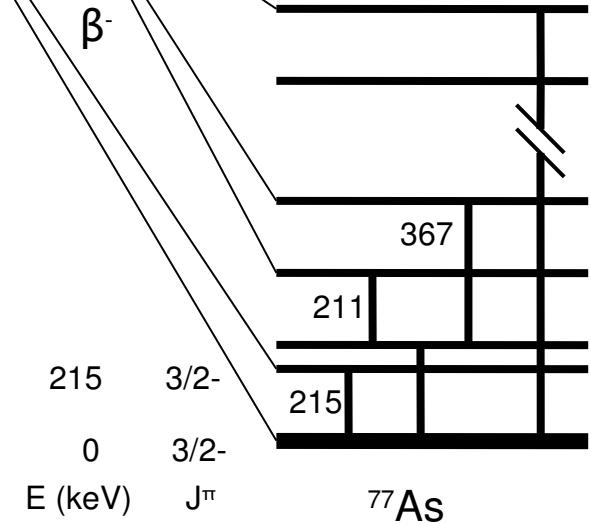
^{76}Ge capture cross section

$$\sigma_{Ge}(\lambda) = \frac{A_{Ge} * \left(I_{(Au,\gamma)} * n_{Au}(r) * \Phi(r) \right)}{A_{Au} * \left(I_{(Ge,\gamma)} * n_{Ge}(r) * \Phi(r) \right)_{Au}}$$

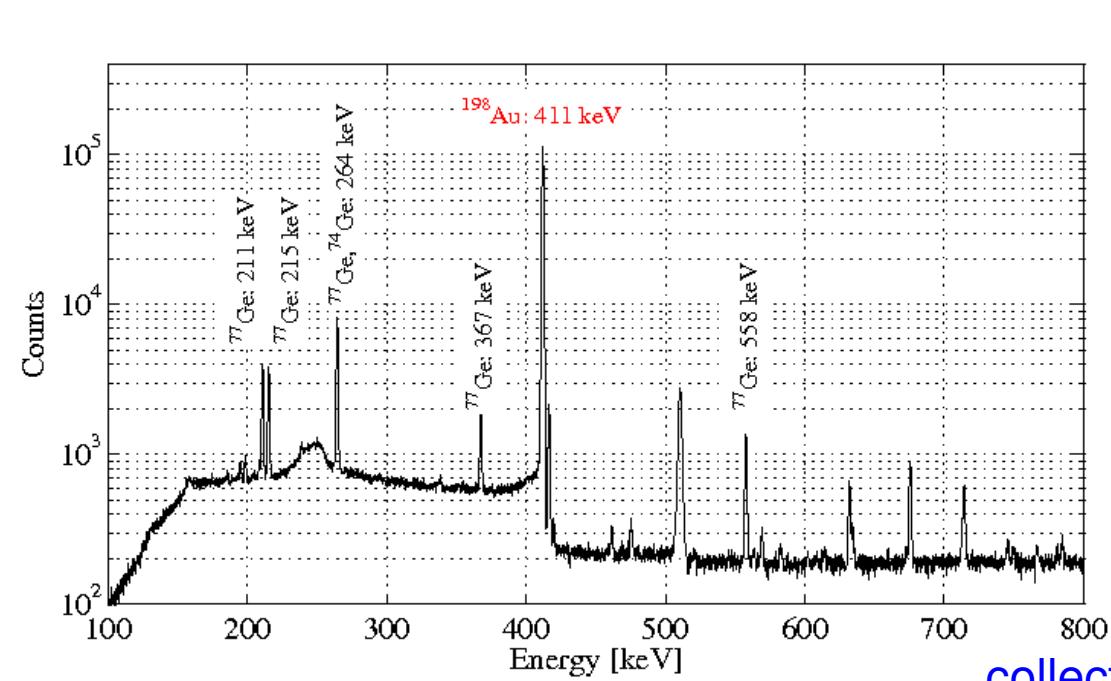
$$\sigma_{0,Ge} = \frac{\left(A_{Ge} * I_{(Au,\gamma)} * n_{Au} \right)}{\left(A_{Au} * I_{(Ge,\gamma)} * n_{Ge} \right)_{0,Au}}$$



isomeric state
 β -decay: 81(2)%
IT: 19(2)%



collect the prompts & check intensity of known lines



^{76}Ge experiments

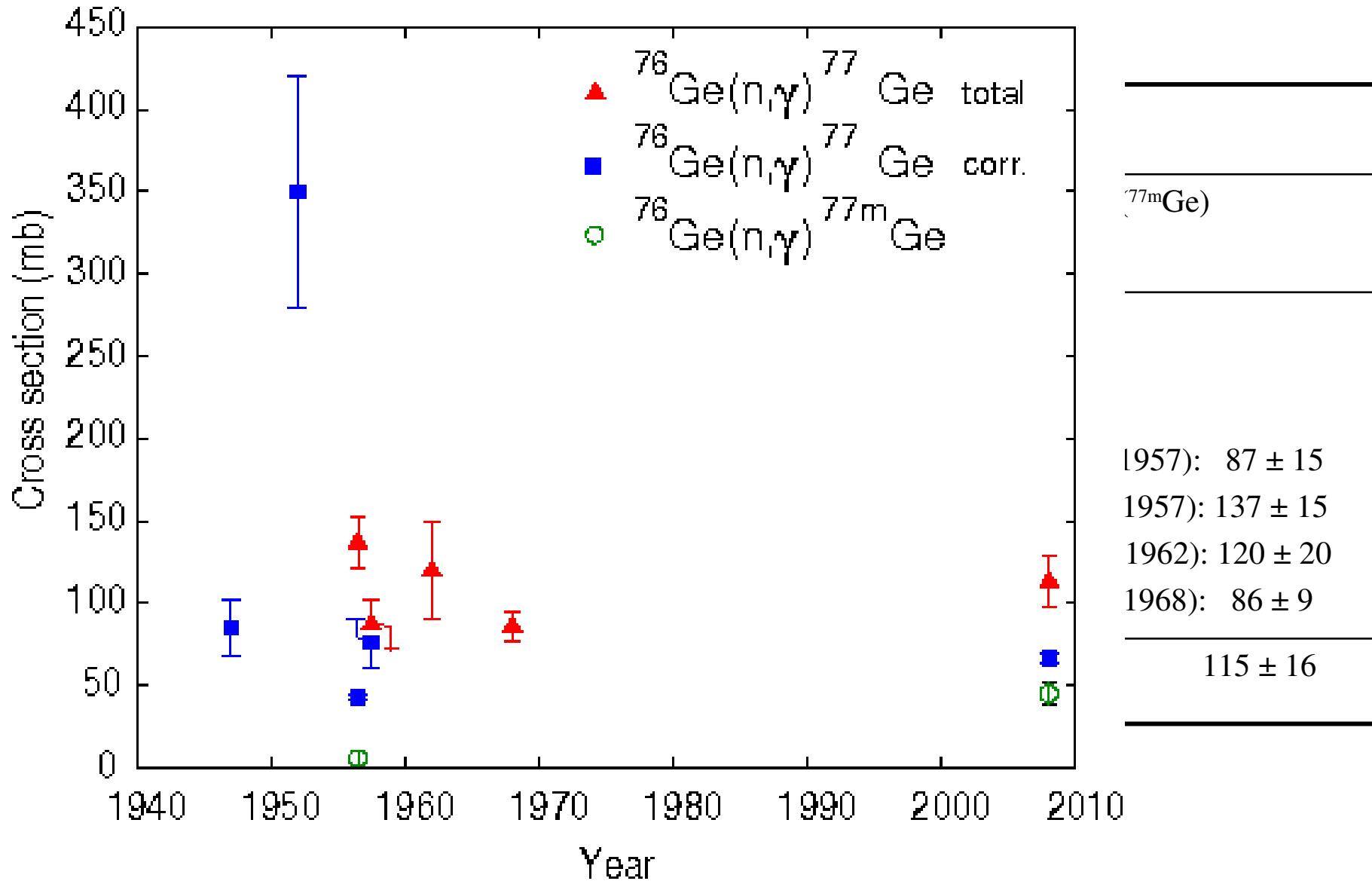


cross section [mbarn]

$\sigma(^{77}\text{Ge total})$	$\sigma(^{77}\text{Ge direct})$	$\sigma(^{77m}\text{Ge})$
Seren (1947): 85 ± 17		
Pomerance (1952): 350 ± 70		
Brooksbank (1955): 300 ± 60		
Metosian (1957): 76 ± 15		Metosian (1957): 87 ± 15
Lyon (1957): 43 ± 2	Lyon (1957): 6 ± 5	Lyon (1957): 137 ± 15
		Wigmann (1962): 120 ± 20
		Mannhart (1968): 86 ± 9
New value (2009): 68.8 ± 3.4	46.9 ± 4.7	115 ± 16

G. Meierhofer et al., EPJA 40 (2009) 61

^{76}Ge experiments



G. Meierhofer et al., EPJA 40 (2009) 61

^{74}Ge experiments & results



cross section [mbarn]

$\sigma(^{75}\text{Ge total})$	$\sigma(^{75}\text{Ge direct})$	$\sigma(^{75\text{m}}\text{Ge})$
Seren (1947): 380 ± 76 Pomerance (1952): 600 ± 60	Metosian (1957): 180 ± 40	Metosian (1957): 40 ± 8 Wigmann (1962): 200 ± 20 Mannhart (1968): 143 ± 16
Lyon (1960): 550 ± 55		
Koester (1987): 400 ± 200		
New value (2010): 497 ± 52 G. Meierhofer et al., PRC 81, 027603 (2010)	365 ± 51	130.5 ± 5.6

relatively large uncertainties
due to emission probabilities

G. Meierhofer, P.G. et al PRC81 (2010) 027603

^{76}Ge isotopic composition



Ge-isotope	70	72	73	74	76
averaged over all samples					
Certificate	21.50	29.90	8.45	38.92	0.57
LNGS 2	20.40	30.39	8.80	39.77	0.64
Moscow	22.74	30.05	8.30	38.42	0.60
Geel INAA	22.44	29.65	8.32	39.05	0.54
Geel k0-NAA	22.44	29.65	8.32	39.06	0.53
Tübingen	22.66	29.56	8.35	38.85	0.-
total avera	22.03	29.87	8.42	39.02	0.58
previous	22.8	30.1	8.31	38.3	0.60

depleted material for
test of production chain

neutron capture

2 photon lines: 2041(prompt) & 2037 (delayed) keV close to $Q_{\beta\beta}$
 2 experiments: thermal (< meV, FRM-II) & astro (25 keV, FZK)

IOP PUBLISHING

J. Phys. G: Nucl. Part. Phys. 35 (2008) 014022 (Spp)

JOURNAL OF PHYSICS G: NUCLEAR AND PARTICLE PHYSICS

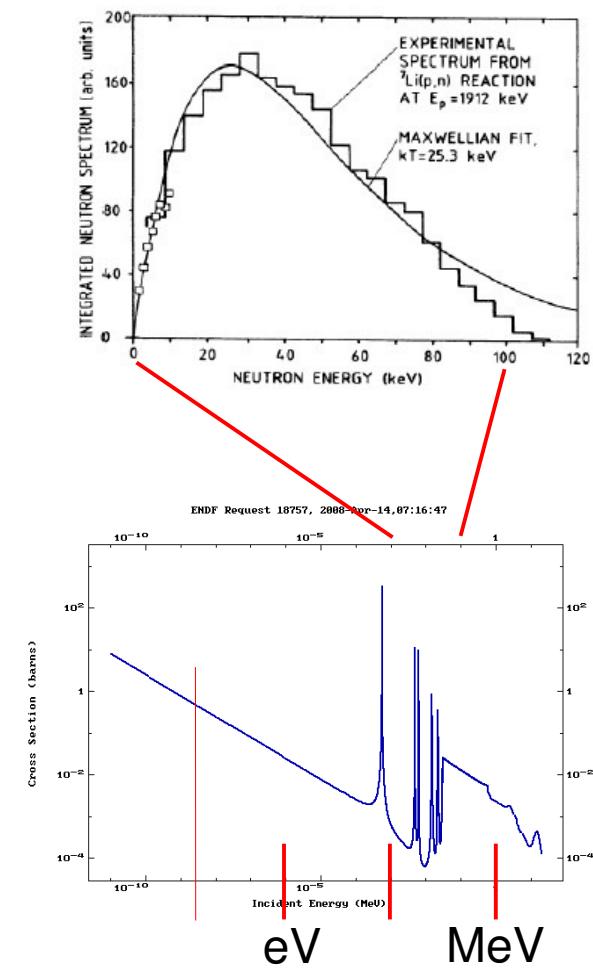
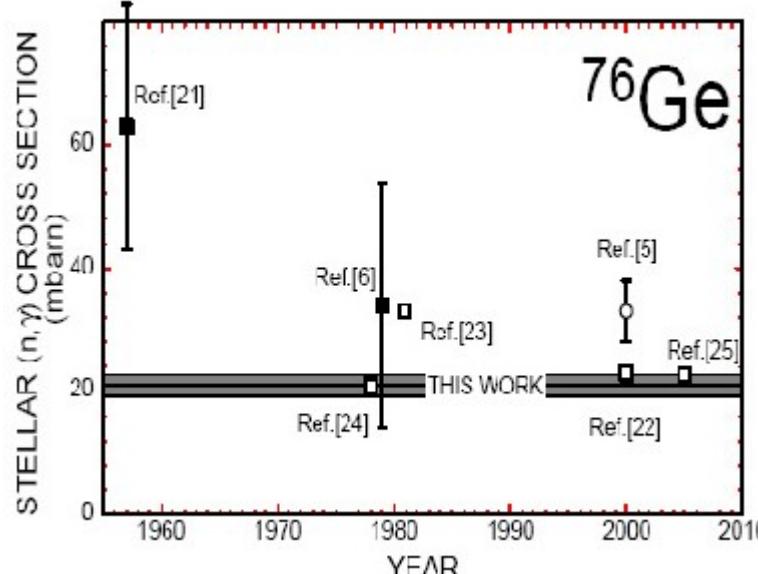
doi:10.1088/0954-2899/35/1/014022

Neutron capture cross section of ^{76}Ge

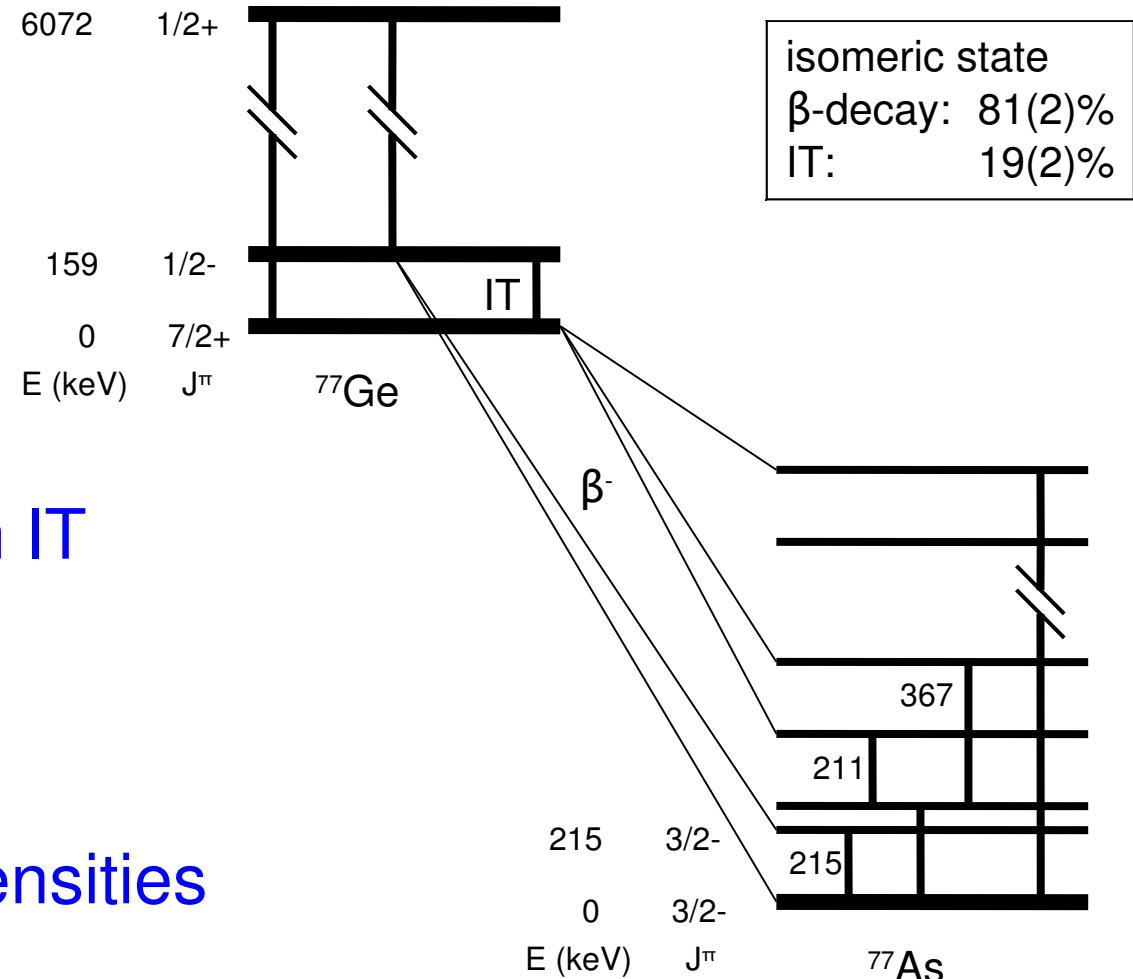
J Marganiec^{1,2}, I Dillmann¹, C Domingo Pardo¹, P Grabmayr³
 and F Käppeler¹

2nd publication in
PRC

$$\sigma^{\text{gs}} + \sigma^{\text{m}}$$



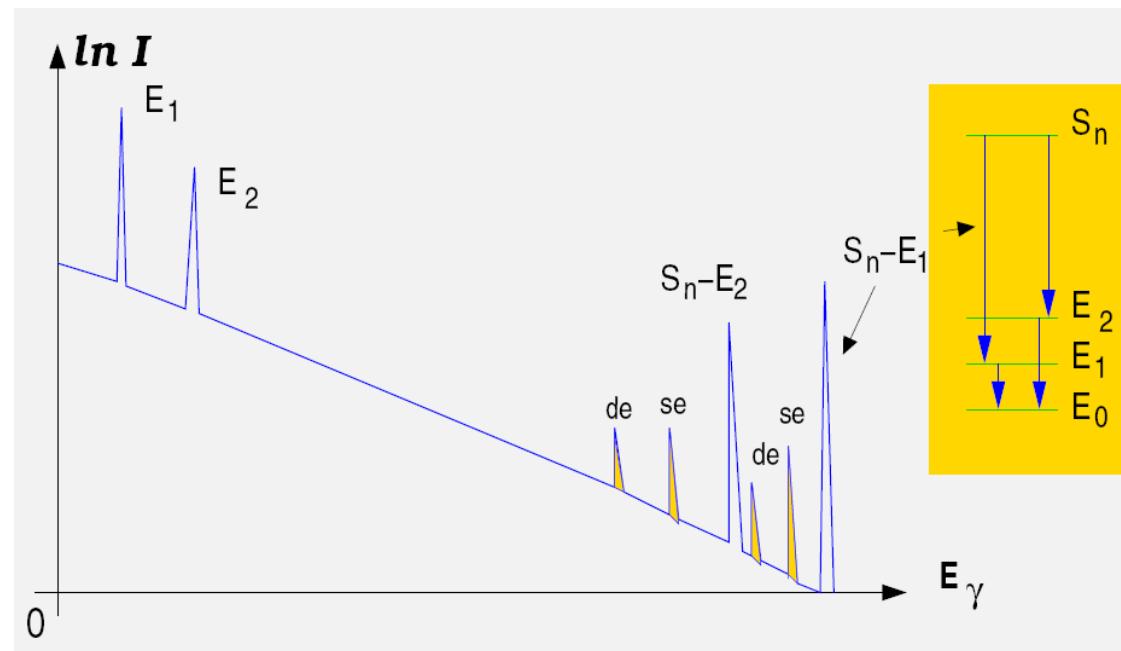
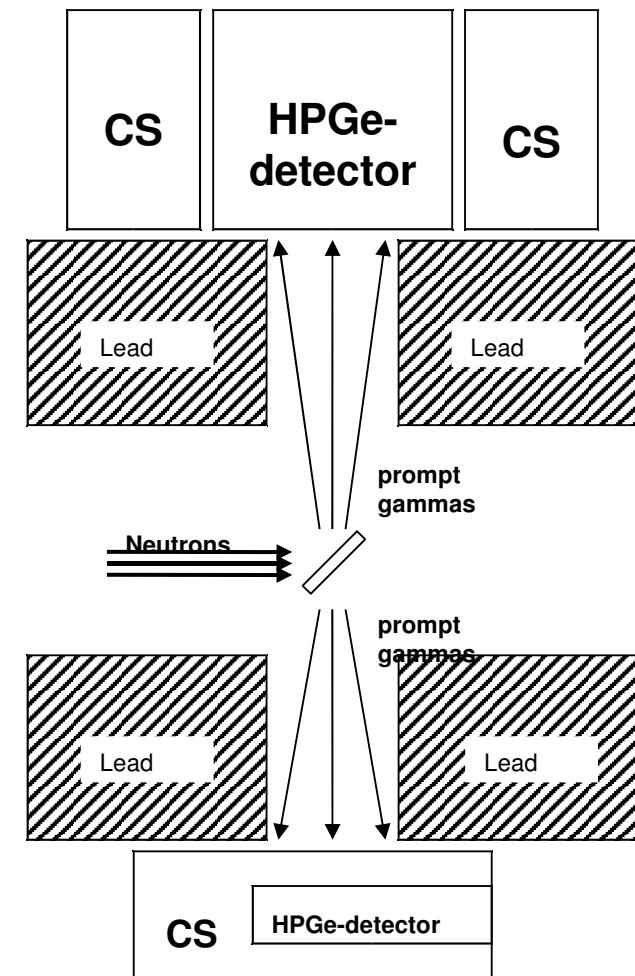
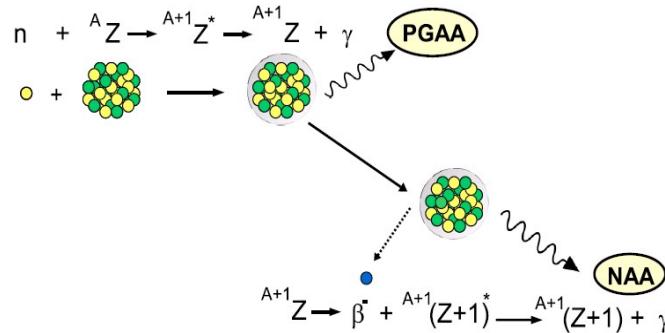
remaining problem



large error of rel. 20% on IT

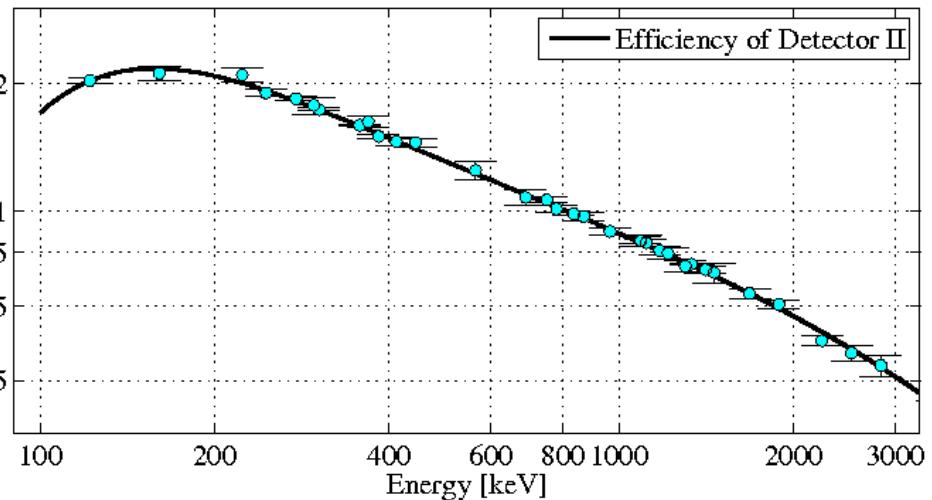
relative and absolute intensities
branching ratios

the coincidence principle



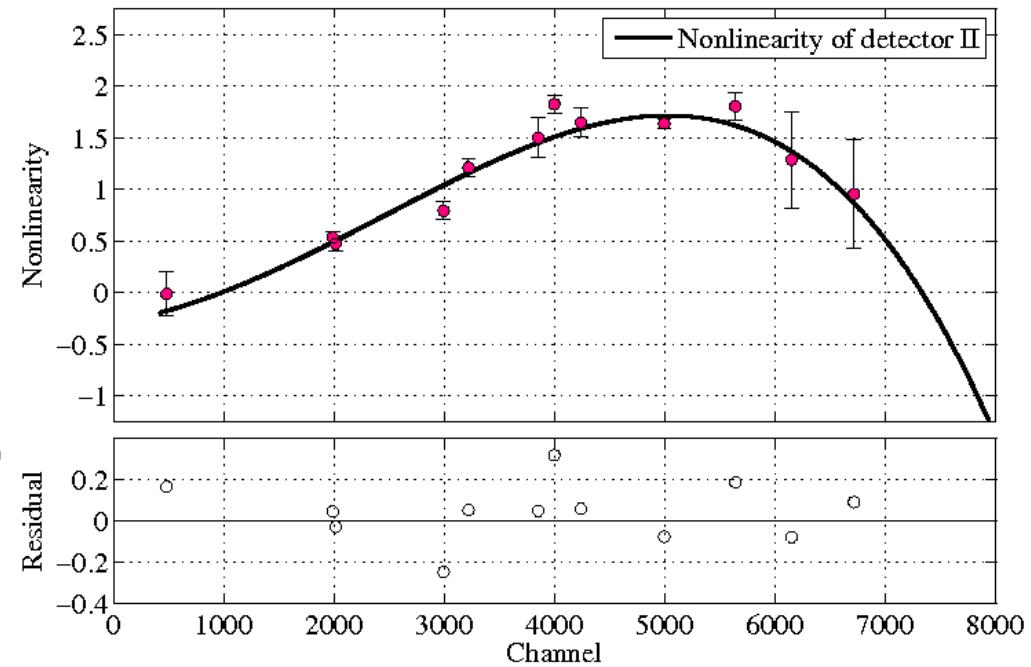
the technical details

Efficiency

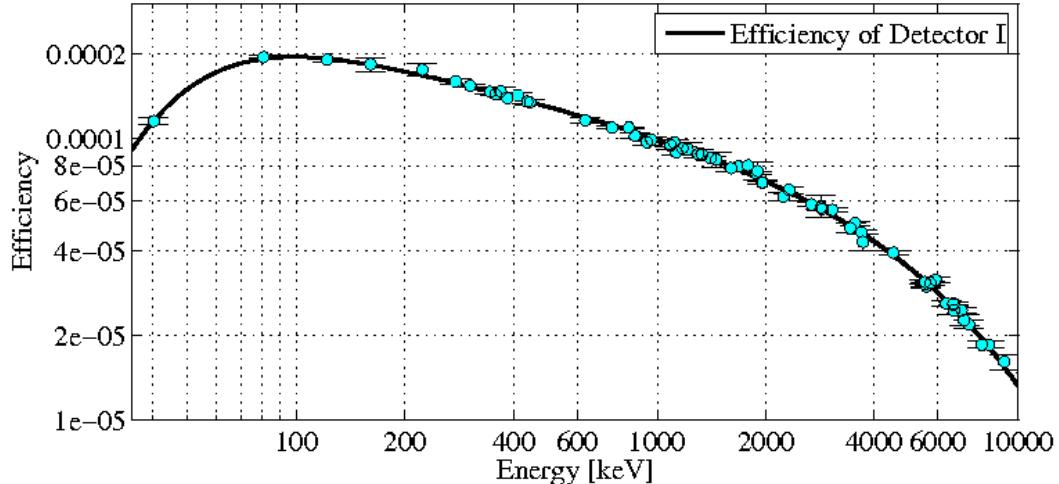


— Efficiency of Detector II

Nonlinearity



Efficiency

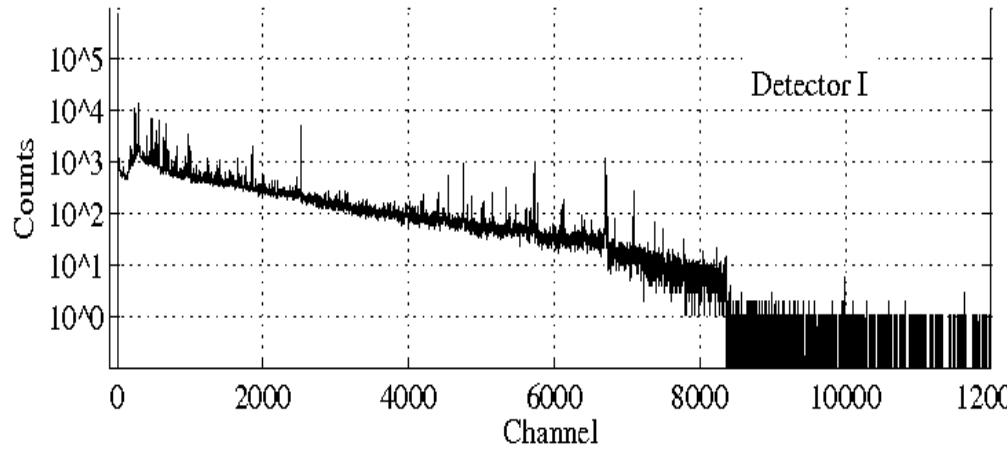


— Efficiency of Detector I

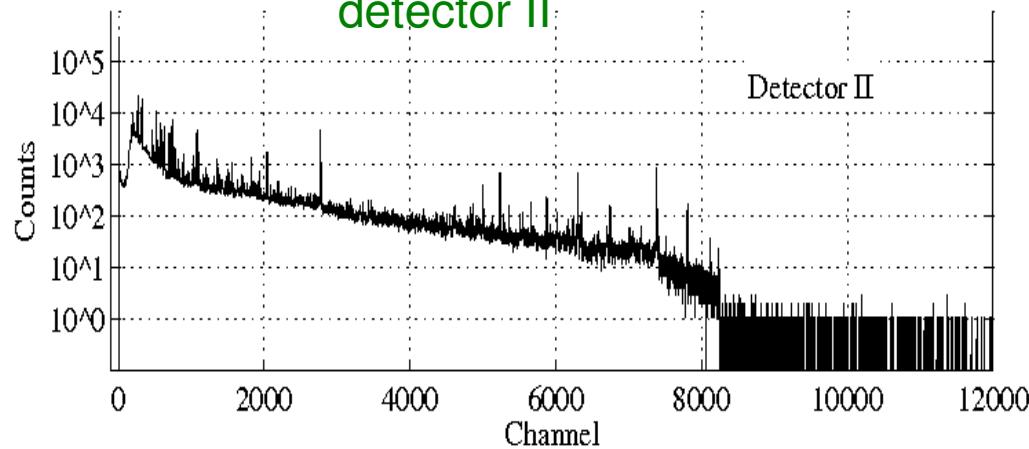
efficiency and non-linearity
G. Meierhofer

the coincidences

detector I

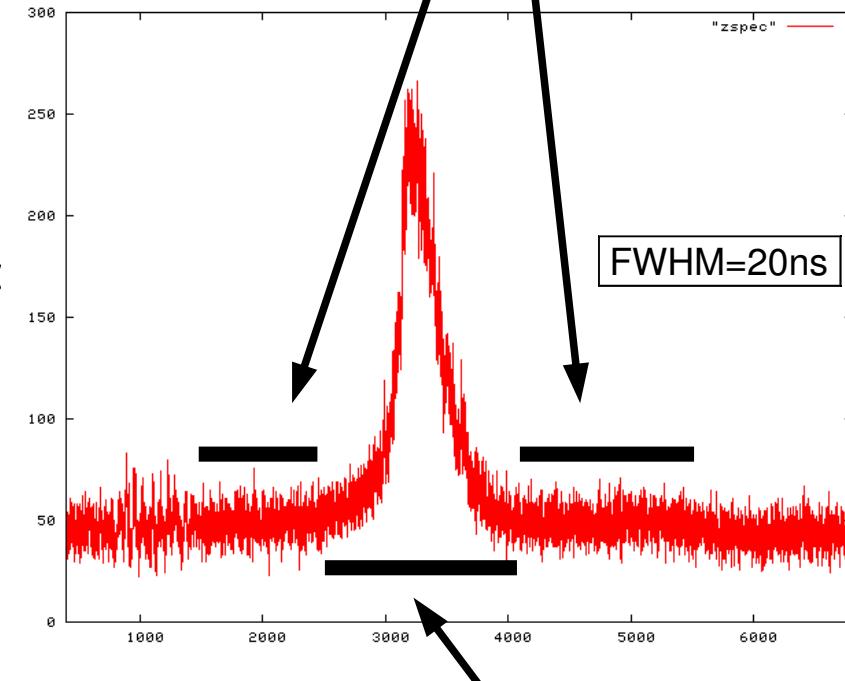


detector II



$\Delta t (I - II)$

chance coincidences



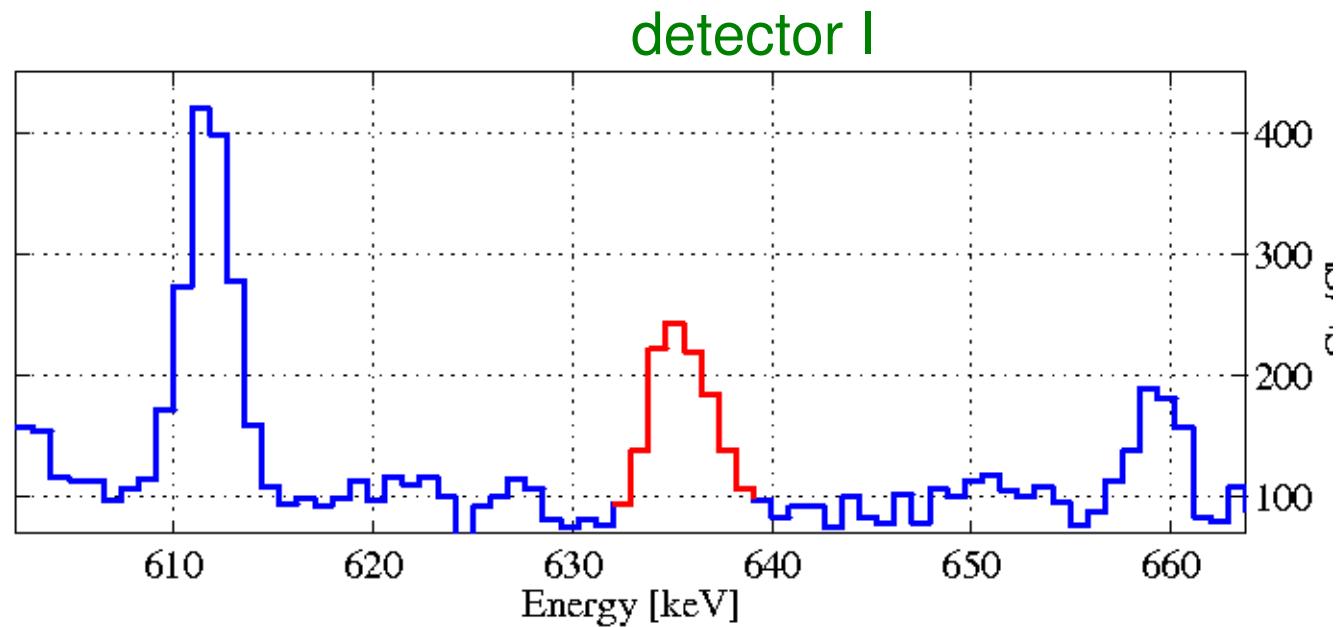
true coincidences

energy and time difference

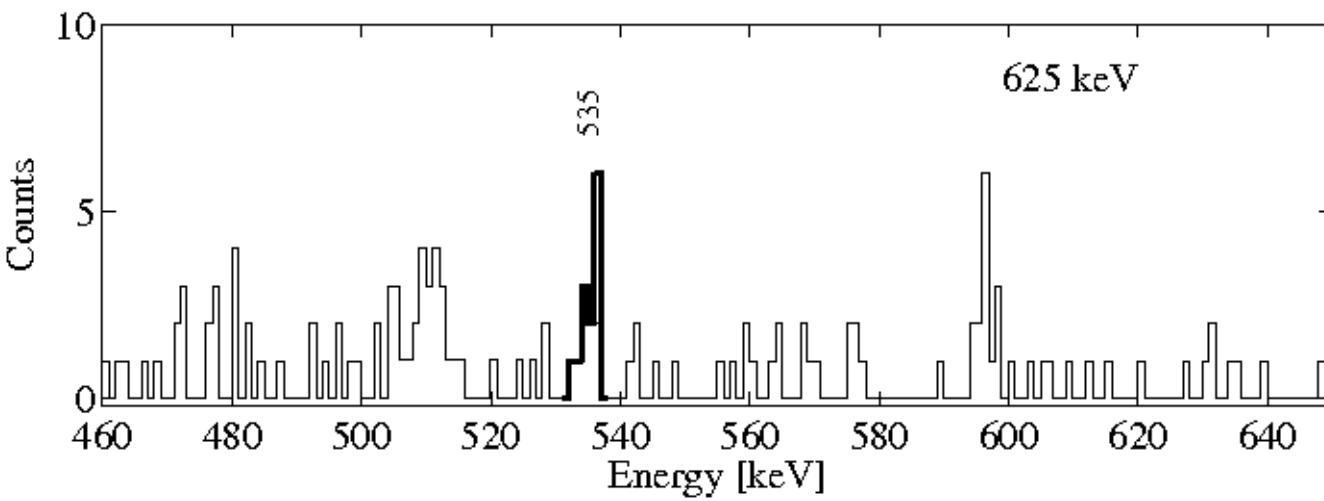
G. Meierhofer

the coincidences

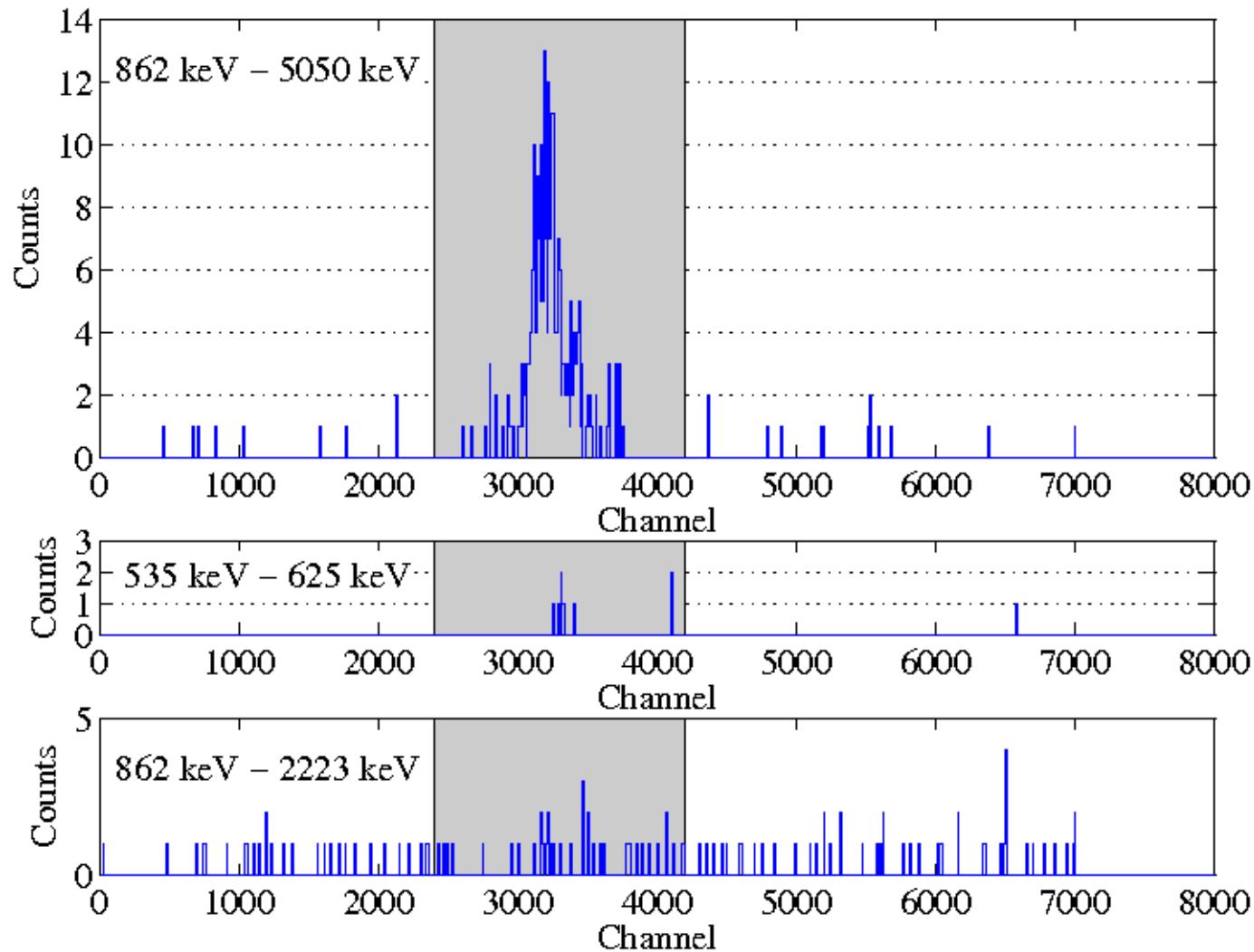
625 – 535



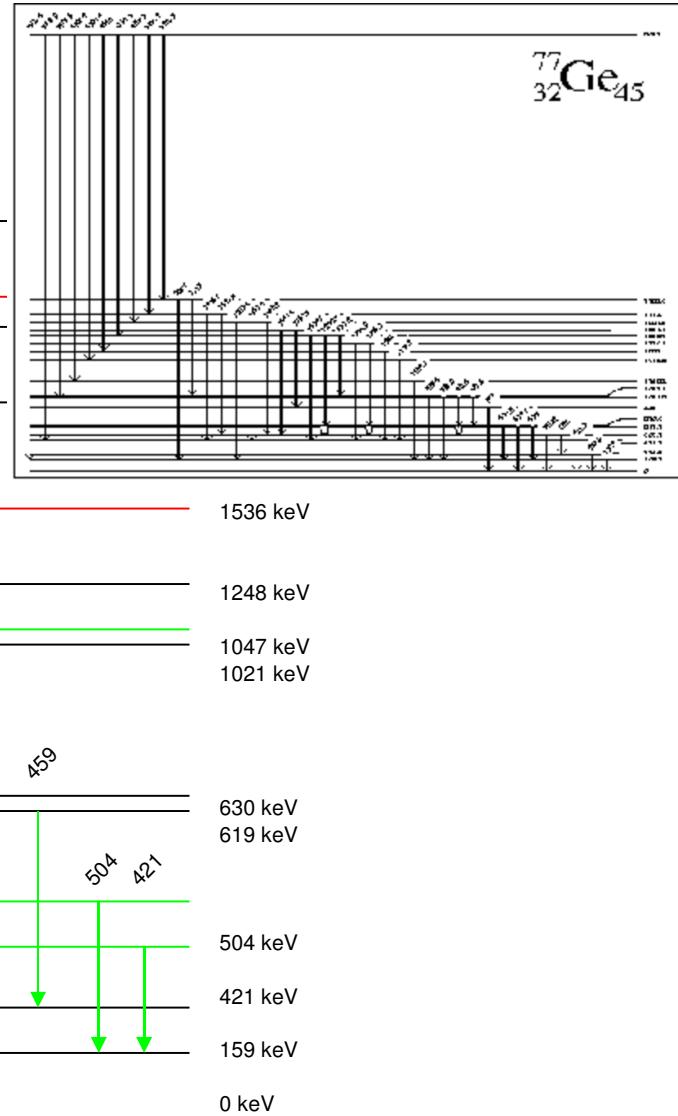
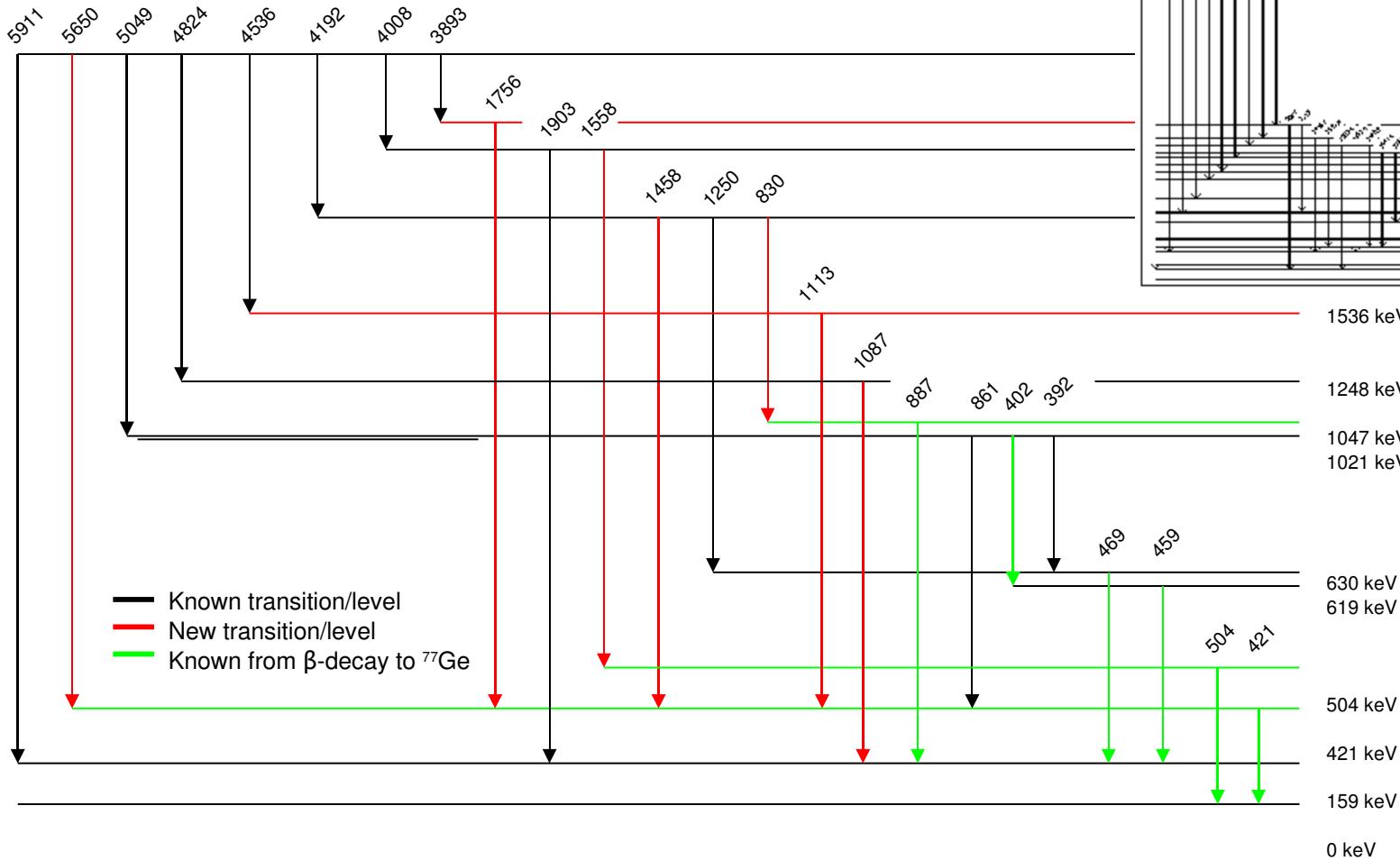
detector II



other coincidences



first look at coincidence data



coincidence results

^{76}Ge

119 lines found
(prior 17, 13 confirmed)

84 lines in decay schema

$$S_n = 6071,29 \pm 0,05 \text{ keV}$$

$$\nu = 65.5 \% \text{ (up to now 10.6 \%)}$$

^{74}Ge

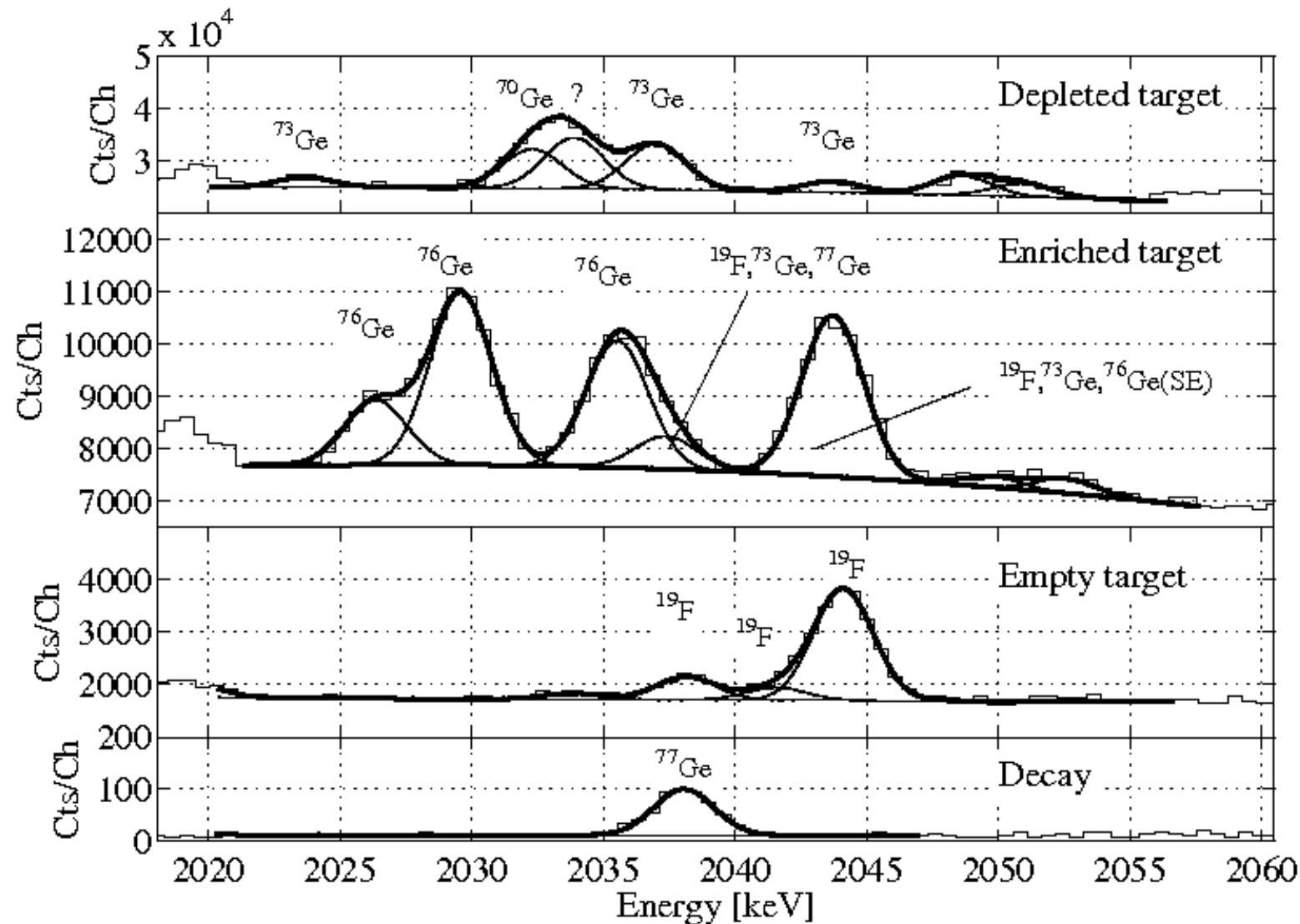
68 lines found
(32 of them new)

68 lines in decay schema

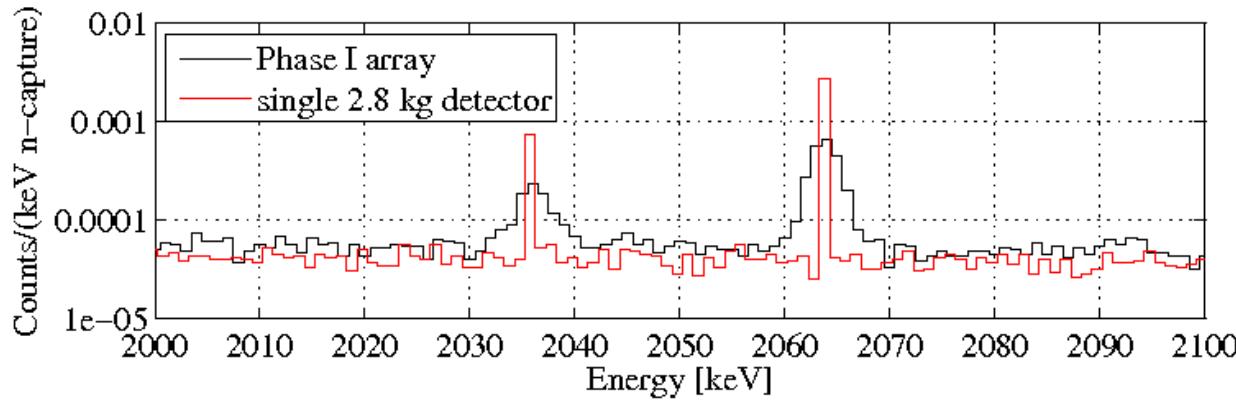
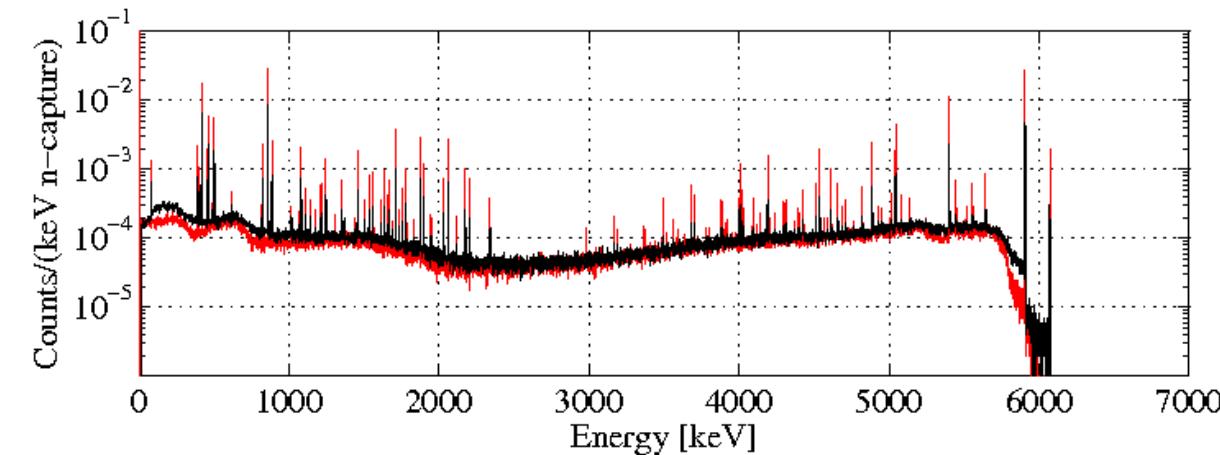
$$S_n = 6505,84 \pm 0,05 \text{ keV}$$

$$\nu = 53 \% \text{ (up to now 30 \%)}$$

the $Q\beta\beta$ region



background contribution



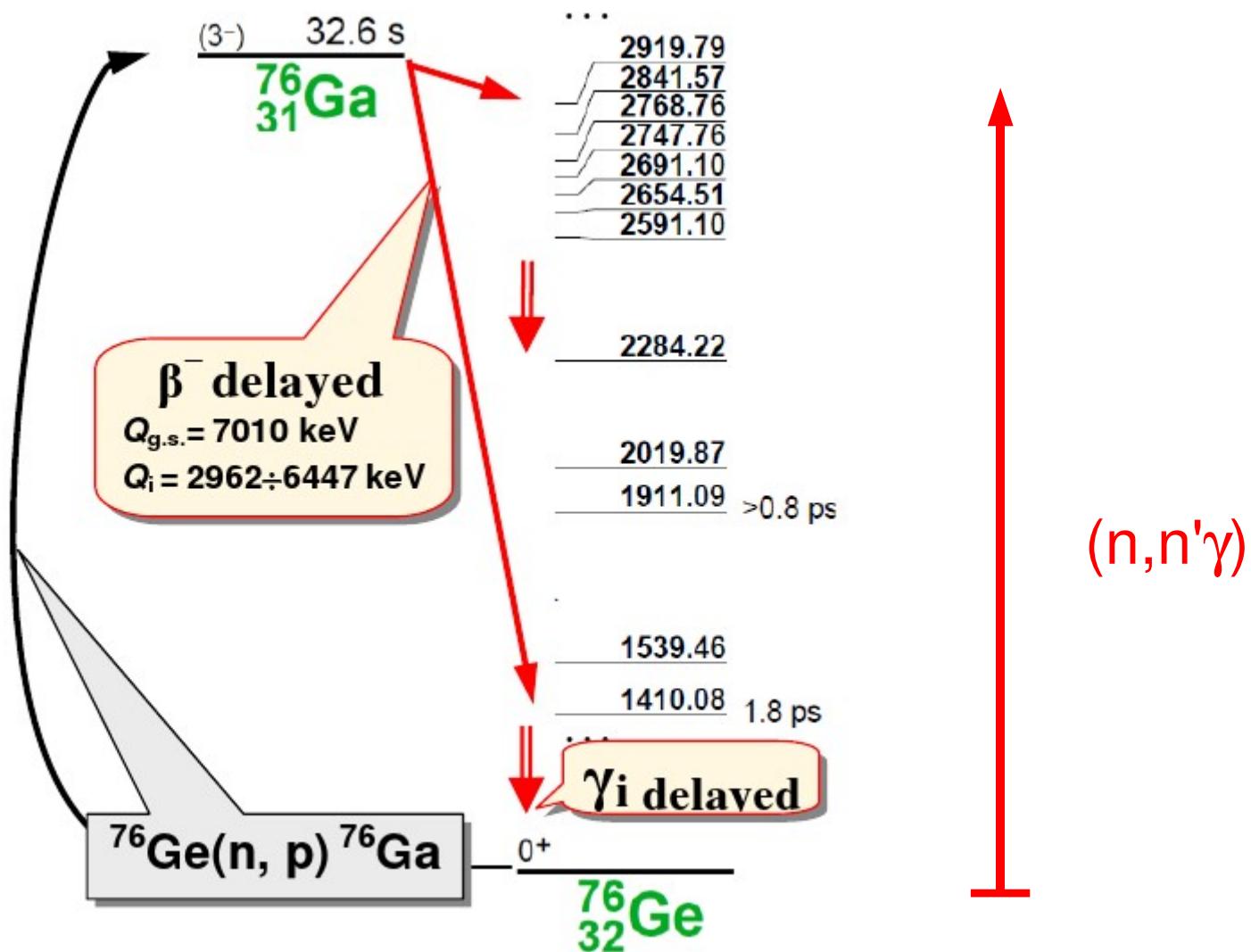
MaGe MC Simulation
by L. Pandola

line 2035 keV:
 $1,5 \times 10^{-4}$ counts/(capture)
 $1,7 \times 10^{-4}$ counts/(capture)

Compton:
 $0,55 \times 10^{-4}$ counts/(keV capture)
 $0,44 \times 10^{-4}$ counts/(keV capture)

the $^{76}\text{Ge}(\text{n},\text{p})$ reaction

$$Q_\beta = 7,01 \text{ MeV}$$



(n,p) worse than the (n,n'γ) because of the additional β's

summary

finished setup by summer 2010

neutron background:
calibration sources:

$$B_\gamma = 3.2 \times 10^{-5} \text{ counts}/(\text{keV}\cdot\text{kg}\cdot\text{y})$$

$$B_n = 3.7 \times 10^{-5} \text{ counts}/(\text{keV}\cdot\text{kg}\cdot\text{y})$$

muon rejection:

97,9 [+1,2,-2,0] %

$$B_\mu < 10^{-4} \text{ cts}/(\text{keV kg y})$$



summary

save for GERDA Phase I

manageable for Phase II

much of this background
scales with target mass

new ideas in case of
tonne-scale exp. to see



summary

save for GERDA Phase I

manageable for Phase II

much of this background
scales with target mass

new ideas in case of
tonne-scale exp. to see

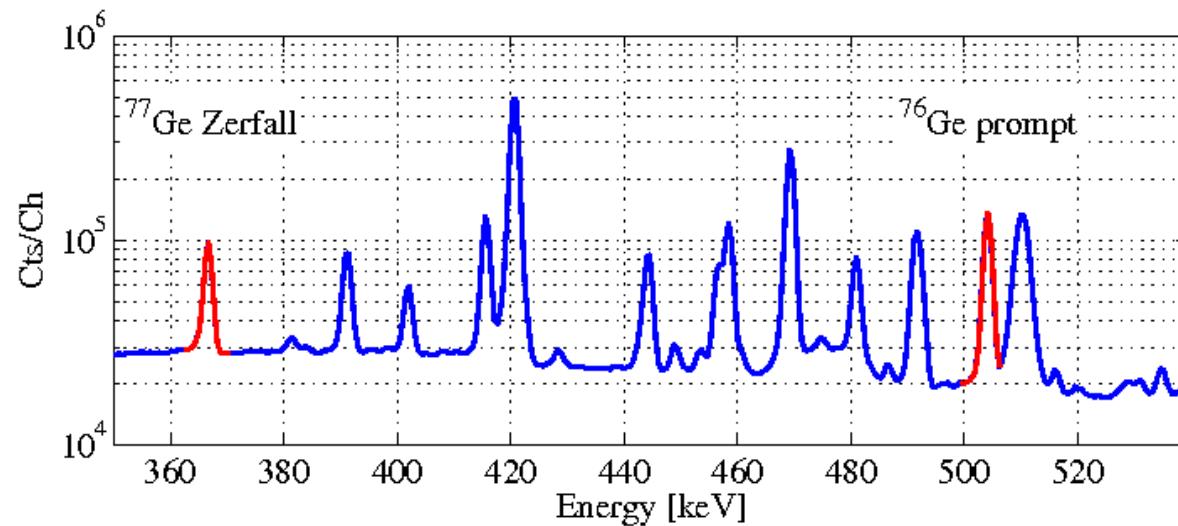


..... if he is right

normalize

relate prompt and decay intensities

to get relative intensities, and finally absolute



S



Finish